Türkiye Emlak Katılım Bankası Anonim Şirketi and Its Financial Subsidiary

Consolidated Financial Statements As of and For the Year Ended 31 December 2019 With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon (Convenience Translation of Consolidated Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish)



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Convenience Translation of the Auditor's Report Originally Prepared and Issued in Turkish

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Türkiye Emlak Katılım Bankası A.Ş.

A) Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Türkiye Emlak Katılım Bankası A.Ş. ("the Bank") and its consolidated financial subsidiaries (together will be referred as "the Group") which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2019 and the consolidated statements of profit or loss, profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity, cash flows for the year then ended, and consolidated notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Bank and its consolidated financial subsidiaries as at 31 December 2019, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") Accounting and Reporting Legislation which includes the "Regulation on Accounting Applications for Banks and Safeguarding of Documents" published in the Official Gazette No. 26333 dated 1 November 2006, and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by Banking Regulation and Supervision Board and circulars and interpretations published by the aforementioned legislations.



Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the "Regulation on Independent Audit of the Banks" ("BRSA Auditing Regulation") published in the Official Gazette No.29314 dated 2 April 2015 by BRSA and Standards on Auditing which is a component of the Turkish Auditing Standards issued by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority ("POA") ("Standards on Auditing issued by POA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We declare that we are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Auditors issued by POA (POA's Code of Ethics) and the ethical requirements in the regulations issued by POA that are relevant to audit of consolidated financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the POA's Code of Ethics and regulations. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Impairment of loans

Refer to Note VII of Section Three to the consolidated financial statements relating to the details of accounting policies and significant judgments of for impairment of loans.

Key audit matter	How the matter is addressed in our audit
As of 31 December 2019, loans comprise 62% of Group's total assets.	Our procedures for auditing the impairment of loans include below:
The Group recognizes its loans in accordance with the Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for Classification of Loans by Banks and Provisions to be set aside (the "Regulation") published on the Official Gazette No. 29750 dated 22 June 2016. In accordance with the mentioned Regulation, the assessment of impairment is basically related to the proper classification of loans. The classification of loans is performed in accordance with the criteria in the Regulation. Those include both objective and subjective criteria which management judgment is applied. There is a potential risk of impaired loans cannot be detected and loan loss provisions are inaccurate due to subjectivity. Impairment on loans was considered to be a key audit matter, due to the significance of the management estimates, its complex structure as explained above.	 The design and operating effectiveness of the controls on lending, collateralization, collection, follow-up, classification and impairment procedures are tested with the involvement of information risk management specialists. We evaluated the adequacy of the subjective and objective criteria that is defined in the Group's impairment accounting policy compared with the Regulation and Standard. We performed loan reviews for selected loan samples which include a detailed examination of loan files and related information and evaluation of their classification. In this context, the current status of the loan customer has been evaluated. We tested the appropriateness of the provisions in accordance with the Regulation. We evaluated the adequacy of consolidated financial statement disclosures related to impairment provisions.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Group Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Reporting Legislation, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Responsibilities of auditors in an audit are as follows:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with BRSA Auditing Regulation and Standards on Auditing issued by POA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with BRSA Auditing Regulation and Standards on Auditing issued by POA we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.



• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

• Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

B) Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1) Pursuant to the fourth paragraph of Article 402 of the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC") No. 6102; no significant matter has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Bank's bookkeeping activities for the period 1 January - 31 December 2019 are not in compliance with TCC and provisions of the Bank's articles of association in relation to financial reporting.

2) Pursuant to the fourth paragraph of Article 402 of the TCC; the Board of Directors provided us the necessary explanations and required documents in connection with the audit.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English:

The accounting principles summarized in Note I Section Three, differ from the accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying consolidated financial statements are to be distributed and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in such countries of users of the consolidated financial statements and IFRS.

KPMG Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. A member firm of KRMG International Cooperative

Erdal Tikmak Partne

11 March 2020 Istanbul, Turkey

TÜRKİYE EMLAK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2019

Bank's headquarter address

Bank's phone number and facsimile Bank's website Electronic mail contact info : Barbaros Mahallesi, Begonya Sk. No:9A, 34746 Ataşehir/İstanbul : 0 (216) 266 26 26 - 0 (216) 275 25 25 : www.emlakbank.com.tr : bilgi@emlakbank.com.tr

The consolidated financial report for the year-end prepared in accordance with the "Communiqué on Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Notes to be Announced to Public by Banks" as regulated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, consists of the following sections.

- GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PARENT BANK
- CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE PARENT BANK
- EXPLANATIONS ON THE ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES APPLIED IN THE RELATED PERIOD
- EXPLANATIONS ON THE FINANCIAL POSITION AND RISK OF MANAGEMENT OF THE GROUP
- DISCLOSURES AND FOOTNOTES ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
- OTHER EXPLANATIONS
- INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Subsidiaries financial statements have been consolidated in this annual consolidated financial report are as follows.

Subsidiaries

• Emlak Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.

The consolidated financial statements and related disclosures and notes included in this report are prepared, unless otherwise stated, in **Thousand Turkish Liras**, in accordance with the Procedures And Principles Regarding Banks' Accounting Practices and Maintaining Documents, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and the related appendices and interpretations and our Bank's financial records, and they have been independently audited and enclosed.

Prof. Dr. Mehmet Emin BİRPINAR	Nevzat BAYRAKTAR	Tuğba GEDİKLİ
Chairman of the Board of Directors	General Manager	Budget and Financial Reporting Director

Prof. Dr. Mehmet ERSOY

Member of the Audit Committee

Mehmet Ali KAHRAMAN

Member of the Audit Committee

Contact information of the personnel in charge of the addressing of questions about this financial report:Name-Surname / Title :Tuğba GEDİKLİ / Budget and Financial Reporting DirectorTelephone:0 (216) 266 24 70Facsmilie:0 (216) 275 25 25

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(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

SECTION ONE

General Information

I. History of the Parent Bank including its incorporation date, initial legal status and amendments to legal status

The Parent Bank was incorporated in Ankara 3 June 1926 with the name of Emlak ve Eytam Bankası, in accordance with instructions of Mustafa Kemal Atatürk. The aim of establishment of the Parent Bank is to support public construction, to provide necessary loan and to protect orphan's right. The Parent Bank had restructured on 1 September 1946 and after this date the title of the Bank had changed as Türkiye Emlak Kredi Bankası Anonim Ortaklığı. The Bank had merged with Anadolu Bankası A.Ş. and assumed the title of Türkiye Emlak Bankası A.Ş as of 6 January 1988.

Denizcilik Bankası A.Ş. had transferred to Türkiye Emlak Bankası A.Ş. with the all of its assets and liabilities on 29 November 1992 and maritime loans were also collected at this Parent Bank.

During the period in which the Türkiye Emlak Bankası A.Ş. operates, in addition to its banking activities has become serious brand in the construction of qualified housing projects in line with the its establishment purpose, and has produced important housing projects in many provinces of Turkey, especially in İstanbul, Ankara and İzmir. İstanbul-Ataköy, Ataşehir, Bahçeşehir, Mimaroba, Sinanoba, Ankara-Bilkent, Elvankent, Konutkent, İzmir-Gaziemir and Mavişehir projects are included in the Parent Bank's important projects.

The Parent Bank has entered into a restructuring process with the Law about Türkiye Cumhuriyeti Ziraat Bankası A.Ş., Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş. and Türkiye Emlak Bankası A.Ş. no. 4603 dated 21 November 2000, and the transition from the public law status to the status of private law has achieved.

According to BRSA's decision dated 6 July 2001, Türkiye Emlak Bankası A.Ş. was transferred to Türkiye Cumhuriyeti Ziraat Bankası A.Ş. with its assets and liabilities. In this regard, No. 4684 Certain Laws and Delegated Legislation Law Amending the Law No. 4603 and Article 2 of the Law about Türkiye Cumhuriyeti Ziraat Bank, Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş. and Türkiye Emlak Bank A.Ş. attached Provisional Article 3 of the Law (3) In accordance with the provisions of paragraph, the permission of Türkiye Emlak Katılım Bankası A.Ş. to accept deposits and perform banking operations came to an end on 6 July 2001.

The Parent Bank's all assets including banking services, branches, deposits, and commitments and liabilities arising from and banking services were transferred to Ziraat and Halk Bank with the protocol held on 7 July 2001. From this date, the Parent Bank's permission for banking activities and collection of deposit removed.

Board of Liquidation, Board of Directors and Board of Supervisors of the Parent Bank had established with the extraordinary general assembly held on 14 September 2001, and liquidation process had actually started with the personnel on temporary duty sent by Türkiye Cumhuriyeti Ziraat Bankası A.Ş. As a result of the Parent Bank's repayment of its debts to the Treasury Department and all other debts after the end of 16 years with the Law of "Some Receivables and Re-Structuring and Certain Laws and Decree Law Amending No. 7020 with the following regulation made in the Law of Türkiye Cumhuriyeti Ziraat Bankasi A.Ş., Türkiye Halk Bankası A.Ş. and Türkiye Emlak Bank A.Ş. No. 4603, the liquidation of the Bank has been removed, as of 27 May 2017.

After the liquidation of the Parent Bank, in the General Assembly held on 3 September 2018, the new Articles of Association approved and the status was determined as participation bank. The title of the Parent Bank was registered as Türkiye Emlak Katılım Bankası A.Ş. on 10 September 2018.

The Parent Bank has obtained the operating permission with the decision of the Banking Regulation and Supervision Board dated 26 February 2019 and numbered 8262 published in the Official Gazette dated 27 February 2019 and numbered 30699 and commenced operations as of 21 March 2019.

The Parent Bank together with its consolidated subsidiaries are referred to as the "Group" in these consolidated financial statements and notes to consolidated financial statements.

The Parent Bank's head office is located in İstanbul and there is 11 branch of the bank as of 31 December 2019 (31 December 2018: None). The Parent Bank is operating with 381 staff (31 December 2018: 85).

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Shareholding structure, shareholders having direct or indirect, joint or individual control over the management and supervision of the Parent Bank and the disclosures on related changes in the current year, if any

The Parent Bank's share is TL 750.000 and 99,99% of the Bank's share are owned by Ministry of Treasury and Finance. Except by Ministry of Treasury and Finance, T. Emlak Bankası A.Ş. Emekli ve Yardım Sandığı Vakfi and 33 real person have shares amounting to TL 80,57 (full) and TL 3,38 (full), respectively.

TL 749.999 portion of the capital amounting to TL 750.000 has been paid, and TL 2.82 (full) portion has not been paid by the 33 real person.

The part of the capital belonging to the Ministry of Treasury and Finance is represented by the Ministry of Environment and Urbanization.

III. Shareholding structure, shareholders having direct or indirect, joint or individual control over the management and supervision of the Parent Bank and the disclosures on related changes in the current year, if any

Name and Gamman	Administration From them and Demandshilitar	Educational	Ownership
Name and Surname	Administrative Function and Responsibility	Degree	Percentage(%)
Prof. Dr. Mehmet Emin BİRPINAR	Chairman of BOD	Doctorate	-
Abdullah Erdem CANTİMUR	Member of BOD	Master	-
Prof. Dr. Mehmet ERSOY	Member of BOD and Board of Supervisors	Doctorate	-
Mehmet Ali KAHRAMAN	Member of BOD and Board of Supervisors	Master	-
Mehmet Nuri YAZICI	Member of BOD	Bachelor	-
Prof. Dr. Murat BALCI	Member of BOD	Doctorate	-
Nevzat BAYRAKTAR ^(*)	Member of BOD / General Manager	Bachelor	-
Nihat BULUT ^(**)	Assistant General Manager Responsible for Credits	Bachelor	-
Yusuf OKUR ^(**)	Assistant General Manager Responsible for Operations	Bachelor	-
Uğur KARA	Assistant General Manager Responsible for Human Resources	Master	-

^(*) Nevzat Bayraktar, who was appointed General Manager pursuant to a Board of Directors resolution dated 11 February 2020.

(**) Nihat Bulut, who was appointed Assistant General Manager Responsible for Credits (acting) and Yusuf Okur who was appointed Assistant General Manager Responsible for Operations (acting) pursuant to a Board of Directors resolution dated 24 February 2020.

IV. Information on the Parent Bank's qualified shareholders

The Parent Bank's paid in capital amounting to TL 750.000 consists of 75.000.000.000 number of shares with a nominal value of TL 0,01 (full) for each share.

Name/commercial name	Share amount	Share ratio	Paid shares	Unpaid shares
Ministry of Treasuary and Finance	750.000	99,99%	750.000	-
Other	-	0,00001%	-	-

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

V. Summary on the Parent Bank's service activities and field of operations

The Parent Bank's main purpose and field of operation is to perform all kinds of banking activities, to accept funds and the execution of legal acts, acts and works in the banks' fields of activity within the Banking Law which is in force and the laws and delegated legislations which will be enacted in the future and the regulations that are related to these law.

VI. Differences between the Communiqué on Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks and Turkish Accounting Standarts with respect to consolidation and short explanation about the institutions subject to full or proportional consolidation and entities which are deducted from equity or not included in these three methods

There is no difference between consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with BRSA regulation on the preparation of consolidated financial statements and consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards for the Bank. The Parent Bank's subsidiary Emlak Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. which is established in 5 August 2019 are consolidated within the scope of full consolidation.

VII. The existing or potential, actual or legal obstacles on immediate transfer of equity or reimbursement of liabilities between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries

There is no immediate transfer of equity between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries.

There is no existing or potential, actual or legal obstacle to the reimbursement of liabilities between the Parent Bank and its subsidiaries.

SECTION TWO

Consolidated financial statements

- I. Consolidated balance sheet (Statement of financial position)
- II. Consolidated statement of off-balance sheet
- III. Consolidated statement of profit or loss
- IV. Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
- V. Consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity
- VI. Consolidated statement of cash flows
- VII. Consolidated statement of profit distribution

TÜRKİYE EMLAK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

	ASSETS	Note		Audited urrent Perio December 20		Audited Prior Period (Restated) ^(*) 31 December 2018			
		(5 - I)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total	
I.	FINANCIAL ASSETS (NET)	()	307.709	1.642.769	1.950.478	655.644	1.957	657.601	
1.1	Cash and cash equivalents		75.841	870.291	946.132	655.644	1.957	657.601	
1.1.1	Cash and balances with Central Bank	(1)	75,593	708.482	784.075	6	_	6	
1.1.2	Banks	(2)	248	161.809	162.057	655.638	1.957	657,595	
1.1.3	Money market placements		-	-	-	-	-	-	
1.2	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss (FVTPL)	(3)	223.799	772.478	996.277	-	-	-	
1.2.1	Government Securities	(-)	223.799	772.478	996.277	-	-	-	
1.2.2	Equity Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-	
1.2.3	Other financial assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	
1.3	Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income								
	(FVOCI)	(4)	7.659	-	7.659	-	-	-	
1.3.1	Government Securities	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
1.3.2	Equity Securities		7.659	-	7.659	-	-	-	
1.3.3	Other financial assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	
1.4	Derivative financial assets	(5)	410	-	410	_		_	
1.4.1	Derivative Financial Assets Measured at FVTPL	(5)	410	_	410	_	-	_	
1.4.2	Derivative Financial Assets Measured at FVOCI		410		410				
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTIZED COST (NET)		3.275.613	3.552.249	6.827.862	_	_	_	
2.1	Loans	(6)		2.454.720					
2.1	Lease receivables	(8)	5.275.015	2.434.720	5.750.555	-	-	-	
2.2	Measured at amortized cost	(7)	_	1.097.529	1.097.529	-	-	-	
2.3.1	Government Securities	()	-	1.097.529	1.097.529	-	-	-	
2.3.1	Other financial assets		-	1.097.329	1.097.329	-	-	-	
2.3.2 2.4	Non performing loans	(6)	188.322	-	188.322	188.343	-	188.343	
2.4	Specific provisions (-)	(6)	188.322	-	188.322	188.343	-	188.343	
2.5 III.	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS OF DISCONTINUED	(0)	100.522	-	100.322	100.343	-	100.343	
ш.	OPERATIONS (Net)	(0)	35.200		35.200	36.722		36.722	
3.1		(9)	35.200	-	35.200	36.722	-	36.722	
	Asset Held for sale		35.200	-	35.200	30.722	-	30.722	
3.2	Assets of Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-	
IV.	OWNERSHIP INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES, SUBSIDIARIES AND								
	JOINT VENTURES		-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.1	Associates (Net)	(10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.1.1	Associates Consolidated Under Equity Accounting		-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.1.2	Unconsolidated associates		-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.2	Subsidiaries (Net)	(11)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.2.1	Unconsolidated Financial Investments in Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.2.2	Unconsolidated Non-Financial Investments in Subsidiaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.3	Joint Ventures (Net)	(12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.3.1	Joint-Ventures Consolidated Under Equity Accounting		-	-	-	-	-	-	
4.3.2	Unconsolidated Joint-Ventures		-	-	-	-	-	-	
v.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (NET)		101.710	-	101.710	12.021	-	12.021	
VI.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (NET)		39.802	-	39.802	20.330	-	20.330	
6.1	Goodwill		-	-	-	-	-	-	
6.2	Other		39.802	-	39.802	20.330	-	20.330	
VII.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY (NET)	(15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIII.	CURRENT TAX ASSET		-	-	-	89.061	-	89.061	
IX.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	(16)	102.414	-	102.414	103.538	-	103.538	
X.	OTHER ASSETS	(17)	224.695	63	224.758	219.525	-	219.525	
	TOTAL ASSETS		4.087.143	5.195.081	9.282.224	1.136.841	1.957	1.138.798	

(*)The details of the restatement of the prior period are explained in Note XXIII of Section Three.

TÜRKİYE EMLAK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

				Audited		Audited Prior Period (Restated) ^(*)				
	LIABILITIES	N-4-		irrent Period	0					
		Note (5 - II)		December 201 FC	9 Total	TL	ecember 201 FC	Total		
I.	FUNDS COLLECTED	(1)	2.746.761	3.205.868	5.952.629			-		
II.	FUNDS BORROWED	(2)		864.292	864.292	-	-	-		
III.	MONEY MARKET FUNDS	(_)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-		
v.	FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS									
VI.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	(3)	- 34	5.857	5.891	-	-	-		
6.1	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(3)	34	5.857	5.891	-	-	-		
6.2	Derivative Financial Liabilities at Fair Value Through Other		54	5.657	5.691	-	-	-		
VII	Comprehensive Income	(4)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
VII. VIII.	LEASE PAYABLES PROVISIONS	(4)	30.567 60.924	- 37.653	30.567 98.577	30.862	-	30.862		
8.1	General Provisions	(6)	51.281	37.637	88.918	9.777		9.777		
8.2			51.261	57.057	88.918	9.777	-	9.777		
8.2 8.3	Restructuring Provisions Reserve for Employee Benefits		7.325	-	7.325	4.462	-	4.462		
8.5 8.4	Insurance Technical Provisions (Net)		1.525	-	1.525	4.402		4.402		
8.4 8.5	Other Provisions		2.318	- 16	2.334	16.623	-	16.623		
		(7)					-			
IX. X.	CURRENT TAX LIABILITY	(7)	10.698	-	10.698	1.714	-	1.714		
л. XI.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY		-	-	-	-	-	-		
XI.	LIABILITIES FOR ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND ASSETS	(0)								
11.1	OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Net)	(8)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
11.1	Held for Sale Purpose		-	-	-	-	-	-		
11.2	Related to Discontinued Operations	(0)	-	-	-	-	-	-		
XII.	SUBORDINATED DEBT INSTRUMENTS	(9)	-	1.076.666	1.076.666	-	-	-		
12.1	Loans		-	1.076.666	1.076.666	-	-	-		
12.2 XIII.	Other Debt Instruments		73,704	27	73.731	4.601	515	5.116		
	OTHER LIABILITIES	(11)	1.169.173	- 27			515	5.116		
XIV.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	(11)		-	1.169.173	1.101.106	-			
14.1 14.2	Paid-in capital Capital Reserves		750.000 23.088	-	750.000 23.088	750.000	-	750.000		
14.2	Share Premium		25.088			-	-	-		
14.2.1	Share Cancellation Profits		-	-	-	-	-	-		
			-	-	22.000	-	-	-		
14.2.3 14.3	Other Capital Reserve		23.088	-	23.088	-	-	-		
14.5	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Not Reclassified									
14.4	Through Profit or Loss		-	-	-	-	-	-		
14.4	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income or Loss Reclassified									
14.5	Through Profit or Loss		-	-	251 100	-	-	-		
14.5	Profit Reserves		351.106	-	351.106	2.631.991	-	2.631.991		
14.5.1 14.5.2	Legal Reserves Status Reserves		351.106	-	351.106	311.495	-	311.495		
14.5.2			-	-		-	-	-		
14.5.3	Extraordinary Reserves Other Profit Reserves		-	-	-	2.320.496	-	2.320.496		
14.5.4 14.6	Income or (Loss)		- 44.979	-	- 44.979	(2.280.885)	-	(2.280.885)		
14.6 14.6.1			44.979	-	44.979		-			
14.6.1 14.6.2	Prior Periods' Income or (Loss)		44.979	-	- 44.979	(2.824.581) 543.696	-	(2.824.581)		
	Current Period Income or (Loss)		44.979	-	44.979	343.090	-	543.696		
14.7	Minority Shares		-	-	-	-	-	-		
	TOTAL LIABILITIES		4.091.861	5.190.363	9.282.224	1.138.283	515	1.138.798		

(*) The details of the restatement of the prior period are explained in Note XXIII of Section Three.

TÜRKİYE EMLAK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

		Note		Audited urrent Period December 2019	9		Audited rior Period ecember 2018	
		(5 - III)	TL	FC	Total	TL	FC	Total
A. OFF	BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS (I+II+III)	(*)	355.345	921.952	1.277.297	-		-
I.	GUARANTEES AND SURETIES	(1)	321.052	105.671	426.723	-	-	-
1.1	Letters of Guarantees		299.305	97.282	396.587	-	-	-
1.1.1	Guarantees Subject to State Tender Law		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.1.2	Guarantees Given for Foreign Trade Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.1.3	Other Letters of Guarantee		299.305	97.282	396.587	-	-	-
1.2	Bank Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2.1	Import Letter of Acceptances		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2.2	Other Bank Acceptances			-		-	-	-
1.3	Letter of Credits		21.747	8.389	30.136	-	-	-
1.3.1	Documentary Letter of Credits		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.3.2	Other Letter of Credits		21.747	8.389	30.136	-	-	-
1.4 1.5	Prefinancing Given as Guarantee Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5	Endorsements Endorsements to the Central Bank of Turkey		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2	Other Endorsements		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.5.2	Other Guarantees		-	-	-		-	-
1.7	Other Collaterals			_				_
п.	COMMITMENTS	(1)	6.636	40.836	47.472	-	-	-
2.1	Irrevocable Commitments	(1)	6.636	40.836	47.472	-	-	-
2.1.1	Asset Purchase and Sale Commitments		1.436	40.836	42.272	-	-	-
2.1.2	Share Capital Commitment to Associates and Subsidiaries			-	-	-	-	-
2.1.3	Loan Granting Commitments		3.970	-	3.970	-	-	-
2.1.4	Securities Underwriting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.5	Commitments for Reserve Deposit Requirements		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.6	Payment Commitment for Cheques		1.230	-	1.230	-	-	-
2.1.7	Tax And Fund Liabilities from Export Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.8	Commitments for Credit Card Expenditure Limits		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.9	Commitments for Promotions Related with Credit Cards and Banking Activities		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.10	Receivables From Short Sale Commitments of Marketable							
	Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.11	Payables for Short Sale Commitments of Marketable Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.12	Other Irrevocable Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2 2.2.1	Revocable Commitments Revocable Loan Granting Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2.1	Other Revocable Commitments		-	-	-	-	-	-
111.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		27.657	- 775.445	803.102	-	-	-
3.1	Derivative Financial Instruments for Hedging Purposes		27.037	773.443	005.102			-
3.1.1	Fair Value Hedge			-				
3.1.2	Cash Flow Hedge		_	-		-	-	-
3.1.3	Hedge of Net Investment in Foreign Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2	Held for Trading Transactions		27.657	775.445	803.102	-	-	-
3.2.1	Forward Foreign Currency Buy/Sell Transactions			-	-	-	-	-
3.2.1.1	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Buy		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.1.2	Forward Foreign Currency Transactions-Sell		-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.2	Other Forward Buy/Sell Transactions		27.657	775.445	803.102	-	-	-
3.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
B. CUST	FODY AND PLEDGED ITEMS (IV+V+VI)		15.524.852	4.008.298	19.533.150	1.994	11.353	13.347
IV.	ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODYs		316.275	2.098.143	2.414.418	1.994	11.353	13.347
4.1	Assets Under Management		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2	Investment Securities Held in Custody		1.468	-	1.468	-	-	-
4.3	Cheques Received for Collection		106.159	4.130	110.289	-	-	-
4.4	Commercial Notes Received for Collection		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.5	Other Assets Received for Collection		-	-	-	-	-	-
4.6	Assets Received for Public Offering		-	-	-		-	-
4.7	Other Items Under Custody		989	-	989	1.994	11.353	13.347
4.8	Custodians		207.659	2.094.013	2.301.672	-	-	-
V.	PLEDGED ITEMS		15.208.577	1.910.155	17.118.732	-	-	-
5.1	Marketable Securities		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.2	Guarantee Notes		-	-	155 059	-	-	-
5.3 5.4	Commodity		155.058	-	155.058	-	-	-
5.4	Warranty		760 200	-	-	-	-	-
5.5	Properties Other Bladged Items		760.300	-	760.300	-	-	-
5.6 5.7	Other Pledged Items Pledged Items-Depository		14.293.219	1.910.155	16.203.374	-	-	-
5.7 VI.	ACCEPTED INDEPENDENT GUARANTEES AND		-	-	-	-	-	-
7 1.	WARRANTIES		-	-	-	-	-	-
	TOTAL OFF DALANCE STREET A COMMENCIAL PL		15 000 107	4 020 250	20 910 447	1.994	11 252	12 247
	TOTAL OFF BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS (A+B)		15.880.197	4.930.250	20.810.447	1.994	11.353	13.347

TÜRKİYE EMLAK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

	STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS		Audited Current Period	Audited Prior Period
		Note (5 - IV)	1 January- 31 December.2019	1 January 31 December 2018
I.	PROFIT SHARE INCOME	(1)	429.813	211.955
1.1	Profit Share on Loans		326.494	145.776
1.2	Income Received from Reserve Deposits		2.847	
1.3	Income Received from Banks		34.222	66.179
1.4	Income Received from Money Market Placements		-	
1.5	Income Received from Marketable Securities Portfolio		64.812	
1.5.1	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and Loss		32.606	
1.5.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income		-	
1.5.3	Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost		32.206	
1.6	Finance Lease Income		-	
1.7	Other Profit Share Income		1.438	
II.	PROFIT SHARE EXPENSE	(2)	212.161	
2.1	Expense on Profit Sharing Accounts		173.797	
2.2	Profit Share Expense on Funds Borrowed		36.247	
2.3	Profit Share Expense on Money Market Borrowings		3	
2.4	Expense on Securities Issued		-	
2.5	Lease Profit Share Expense		2.114	
2.6	Other Profit Share Expenses		-	
III.	NET PROFIT SHARE INCOME (I - II)		217.652	211.955
IV.	NET FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME/EXPENSE		(1.365)	(1
4.1	Fees and Commissions Received		1.292	2
4.1.1	Non-Cash Loans		424	
4.1.2	Other		868	2
4.2	Fees and Commissions Paid		2.657	3
4.2.1	Non-Cash Loans		37	
4.2.2	Other		2.620	3
v.	DIVIDEND INCOME	(3)	-	
VI.	NET TRADING INCOME	(4)	32.514	261.084
6.1	Capital Market Transaction Gains / (Losses)		27.015	
6.2	Gains/ (Losses) from Derivative Financial Instruments		(59)	
6.3	Foreign Exchange Gains / (Losses)		5.558	261.084
VII.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	(5)	24.115	29.733
VIII.	TOTAL OPERATING PROFIT (III+IV+V+VI+VII)		272.916	502.771
IX.	LOAN PROVISIONS (-)	(6)	79.252	15.321
X.	PERSONNEL EXPENSES (-)		73.875	11.951
XI.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	(7)	73.686	35.34
XII.	NET OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX-X-XI-XII)		46.103	440.158
XIII.	INCOME RESULTED FROM MERGERS		-	
XIV.	INCOME/LOSS FROM INVESTMENTS UNDER EQUITY			
	ACCOUNTING		-	
XV.	GAIN/LOSS ON NET MONETARY POSITION		-	
XVI.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES (XIII++XV)		46.103	440.158
XVII	PROVISION FOR TAXES (±)	(9)	1.124	(103.538)
17.1	Current Tax Provision		-	
17.2	Deferred Tax Expense (+)		16.921	2.064
17.3	Deferred Tax Income (-)		15.797	105.602
XVIII.	NETOPERATING PROFIT/LOSS AFTER TAXES(XVI±XVII)		44.979	543.690
XIX.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	
19.1	Income From Assets Held for Sale		-	
19.2	Income From Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures		-	
19.3	Income From Other Discontinued Operations		-	
XX.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)		-	
20.1	Expenses on Assets Held for Sale		-	
20.2	Expenses on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures		-	
20.3	Expenses from Other Discontinued Operations		-	
XXI.	PROFIT/LOSS BEFORE TAXES ON DISCONTINUED			
	OPERATIONS (XIX-XX)		-	
XXII.	PROVISION FOR TAXES OF DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±)	(9)	-	
22.1	Current Tax Provision		-	
22.2	Deferred Tax Expense (+)		-	
22.3	Deferred Tax Income (-)		-	
XXIII.	NET PROFIT/LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS			
	(XXI±XXII)		-	
XXIV.	NET PROFIT/LOSS (XVIII+XXIII)		44.979	543.696
23.1	Group's Income/Loss		44.979	543.696
23.2	Minority Shares Profit/Loss (-)		-	
	Earnings Per Share		0,00060	0,00725

TÜRKİYE EMLAK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

STATE	MENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	Audited Current Period	Audited Prior Period
		1 January -	1 January-
		31 December 2019	31 December 2018
I.	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT/LOSS	44.979	543.696
II.	OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	-	-
2.1	Other Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	-	-
2.1.1	Revaluation Surplus on Tangible Assets	-	-
2.1.2	Revaluation Surplus on Intangible Assets	-	-
2.1.3	Defined Benefit Plans' Actuarial Gains/Losses	-	-
2.1.4	Other Income/Expense Items not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	-	-
2.1.5	Deferred Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income not to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2	Other Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2.1	Translation Differences	-	-
2.2.2	Income/Expenses from Valuation and/or Reclassification of Financial Assets Measured at Financial Assets		
	Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
2.2.3	Gains/losses from Cash Flow Hedges	-	-
2.2.4	Gains/Losses on Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations	-	-
2.2.5	Other Income/Expense Items to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	-	-
2.2.6	Deferred Taxes on Other Comprehensive Income to be Recycled to Profit or Loss	-	-
III.	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (I+II)	44.979	543.696

TÜRKİYE EMLAK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

						Other Compre Items not to I	hensive Income be Recycled to P Loss		ncome/Expense	mprehensive Items to be Rec it or Loss	cycled						
	Audited	Paid-in Capital	Share C Premium	Share ancellation Profits	Other Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Periods' Profit/Loss	Current Period's Net Profit/Loss	Total Equity Before Minority Shares	Minority S Shares	Total Shareholders' Equity
Ŧ	Current Period 31 December 2019	750.000										2 (21 001	(2 924 591)	542 (0)	1 101 107		1 101 107
I.	Balances at Beginning Period	750.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.631.991	(2.824.581)	543.696	1.101.106	-	1.101.106
П. 2.1	Correction made as per TAS 8 Effect of Corrections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1	Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II)	750.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.631.991	(2.824.581)	543.696	1.101.106	-	- 1.101.106
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income				-				-	-		2.031.991	(2.024.301)	44.979	44.979		44.979
V.	Capital Increase in Cash				-				-	-	-		-				
VI.	Capital Increase from Internal Sources				-			_	-	-	-		_	-	-		
VII.	Adjustments to Paid-in Capital		_		-		_	-	-	-	-		_	-	_	_	_
VIII.	Convertible Bonds	-	_		-		_		-	_	-		_	-	-	-	_
IX.	Subordinated Liabilities ^(*)	-	-	-	23.088	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	23.088	-	23.088
X.	Other Changes	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- (2	2.280.885)	2.824.581	(543.696)	-	-	-
11.1	Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2	Transfers to Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- (2	2.280.885)	2.280.885	-	-	-	-
11.3	Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	543.696	(543.696)	-	-	-
	Balances at end of the period (III+IV+X+XI)	750.000	-	-	23.088	-	-	-	-	-	-	351.106	-	44.979	1.169.173	-	1.169.173
	1 Trans 3.1. and Intern 3.1. Accute Develoption Decome																

1. Tangible and Intangible Assets Revaluation Reserve,

2. Accumulated Gains/Losses on Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans,

3. Others (Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted for Using Equity Method that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss),

4. Exchange Differences on Translation,

5. Accumulated gains/(losses) due to revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income,

Others (Accumulated Gains or Losses on Cash Flow Hedges, Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted for Using Equity Method that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss).

(*) Other changes include the accounting effects of the EUR 200 million (full) subordinated loan which the Parent Bank received on 24 April 2019 from the Türkiye Varlık Fonu Piyasa İstikrar ve Denge Alt Fonu as an indefinite-term, non-dividend paying addition to its core capital pursuant to BRSA approval dated 22 April 2019 and (2) of financial assets valued at their amortized cost.

TÜRKİYE EMLAK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

						Other Compreh Items not to be		Profit or	Other Comprehe Items to be Recy								
		Paid-in	Channa A	Share	Other							D	Prior Periods'	Current Period's	Fotal Equity Before	Min miter C	Total
	Audited	Capital	Premium	Profits	Capital Reserves	1	2	3	4	5	6	Profit Reserves	Prior Periods Profit/Loss	Net Profit/Loss	Minority Shares	Shares	hareholders ' Equity
	Prior Period 31 December 2018							-									
I.	Balances at Beginning Period	749.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.631.991	(2.824.581)	-	556.410	-	556.410
II.	Correction made as per TAS 8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1	Effect of Corrections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2	Effect of Changes in Accounting Policies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	Adjusted Balances at Beginning of Period (I+II)	749.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.631.991	(2.824.581)	-	556.410	-	556.410
IV.	Total Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	543.696	543.696	-	543.696
v.	Capital Increase in Cash	1.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.000	-	1.000
VI.	Capital Increase from Internal Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII.	Adjustments to Paid-in Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VIII.	Convertible Bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX.	Subordinated Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
X.	Other Changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI.	Profit Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.1	Dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.2	Transfers to Reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11.3	Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Balances at end of the period (III+IV+X+XI)	750.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.631.991	(2.824.581)	543.696	1.101.106	-	1.101.106
	1 Tonsible and Intensible Assets Develuation Deserve																

1. Tangible and Intangible Assets Revaluation Reserve,

2. Accumulated Gains/Losses on Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans,

3. Others (Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted for Using Equity Method that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss),

4. Exchange Differences on Translation,

5. Accumulated gains/(losses) due to revaluation and/or reclassification of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income,

Others (Accumulated Gains or Losses on Cash Flow Hedges, Other Comprehensive Income of Associates and Joint Ventures Accounted for Using Equity Method that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss and Other Accumulated Amounts of Other Comprehensive Income that will be Reclassified to Profit or Loss).

TÜRKİYE EMLAK KATILIM BANKASI A.Ş. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2019

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

		Audited Current Period	Audited Prior Period
		1 January - 31 December 2019	1 January- 31 December 2018
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM BANKING OPERATIONS		
1.1	Operating Profit Before Changes In Operating Assets And Liabilities	132.195	570.584
1.1.1	Profit Share Income Received	429.813	49.652
1.1.2	Profit Share Expense Paid	(212.161)	-
.1.3	Dividend Received	-	-
.1.4	Fees and Commissions Received Other Income	1.292	2 20 722
.1.5 .1.6	Collections from Previously Written off Loans	51.982 111	29.733 18.711
.1.7	Payments to Personnel and Service Suppliers	(147.599)	(11.797)
.1.8	Taxes Paid		(11.777)
.1.9	Others	8.757	484.283
1.2	Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities	(384.786)	(323.228)
.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss	(958.868)	-
.2.2	Net (Increase) Decrease in Due From Banks and Other Financial Institutions	(696.739)	(2.828)
.2.3	Net (Increase) Decrease in Loans	(5.713.047)	-
.2.4	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets	86.076	(195.898)
.2.5	Net Increase (Decrease) in Bank Deposits	153.533	-
.2.6	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Deposits	5.775.220	-
.2.7	Net Increase (Decrease) in Financial Liabilities Measured at Financial Assets at Fair Value	89	
.2.8	Through Profit or Loss Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed	864.292	-
.2.8	Net Increase (Decrease) in Paties Bonowed		
.2.10	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	104.658	(124.502)
•	Net Cash Flows from Banking Operations	(252.591)	247.356
3.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Ι.	Net cash flow from investing activities	(1.215.931)	(32.517)
.1	Cash Paid For Acquisition of Investments, Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-
2.2	Cash Obtained From Disposal of Investments, Associates and Subsidiaries	-	-
.3	Purchases of Property and Equipment	(121.518)	(12.168)
.4	Disposals of Property and Equipment	28.839	-
.5	Purchase of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	(7.659)	-
.6 .7	Sale of Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income Purchase of Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	(1.125.484)	-
.7 .8	Sale of Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	(1.125.484)	-
.9	Other	9.891	(20.349)
с.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
II.	Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities	1.058.174	1.000
3.1	Cash Obtained from Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued	1.034.644	-
.2	Cash Used for Repayment of Funds Borrowed and Securities Issued	-	-
.3	Issued Capital Instruments	23.088	-
.4	Dividends Paid	-	-
.5 .6	Payments for Finance Leases Other	442	1.000
v.	Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents	7.869	(21.405)
7.	Net (Decrease) Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(402.479)	194.434
/ I .	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the period	654.087	459.653

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

	Audited	
STATEMENT OF PROFIT DISTRIBUTION	Current Period 31 December 2019	Prior Period 31 December 2018
I. Distribution of current year income		
	46.102	110.150
1.1. Current year income	46.103	440.158
1.2 Taxes and duties payable (-) 1.2.1. Corporate tax (Income tax)	1.124	(103.538)
1.2.2. Income withholding tax	-	-
1.2.3. Other taxes and legal liabilities ^(*)	1.124	(103.538)
-	44.070	542 (0)
A. Net income for the year (1.1-1.2)	44.979	543.696
1.3. Prior year losses (-)	-	504.083
1.4. First legal reserves (-)	-	1.981
1.5. Other statutory reserves (-)	-	-
B. Distributable net period income [(A-(1.3+1.4+1.5)] (**)	-	37.632
1.6. First dividend to shareholders (-)	-	-
1.6.1. To owners of ordinary shares	-	-
1.6.2. To owners of preferred shares	-	-
1.6.3. To owners of preferred shares (Preemptive rights)	-	-
1.6.4. To Profit sharing bonds	-	-
1.6.5. To owners of the profit /loss sharing certificates	-	-
1.7. Dividend to personnel (-)	-	-
1.8. Dividend to board of directors (-)	-	-
1.9. Second dividend to shareholders (-)	-	-
1.9.1. To owners of ordinary shares	-	-
1.9.2. To owners of preferred shares	-	-
1.9.3. To owners of preferred shares (Preemptive rights)	-	-
1.9.4. To profit sharing bonds	-	-
1.9.5. To owners of the profit /loss sharing Certificates	-	-
1.10. Second legal reserve (-)	-	-
1.11. Status reserves (-)	-	25 651
1.12. Extraordinary reserves	-	35.651 1.981
1.13. Other reserves 1.14. Special funds	1	1.901
II. Distribution from reserves		
2.1. Distributed reserves		
2.2. Second legal reserves (-)	-	-
2.3. Share to shareholders (-)	_	_
2.3.1. To owners of ordinary shares	_	_
2.3.2. To owners of preferred shares	_	-
2.3.3. To owners of preferred shares (Preemptive rights)	-	-
2.3.4 To profit sharing bonds	-	-
2.3.5. To owners of the profit /loss sharing certificates	-	-
2.4. Share to personnel (-)	-	-
2.5. Share to board of directors (-)	-	-
III. Earnings per share		
3.1 To owners of ordinary shares (***) (Full TL)	0,00060	0,00725
3.2. To owners of ordinary shares (%)	0.06%	0,73%
3.3 To owners of preferred shares	-	
3.4 To owners of preferred shares (%)	-	-
IV. Dividend per share		
4.1. To owners of ordinary shares (Full TL)	-	-
4.2. To owners of ordinary shares (%)	-	-
4.3. To owners of preferred shares	-	-

(*) Deferred tax income is presented in "other taxes and legal liabilities" line. Deferred tax income is not subject to profit appropriation; thus it is classified under extraordinary reserves.

(**) General Assembly of the Parent Bank is the authorized body for the profit appropriation decisions. The Ordinary General Assembly Meeting has not been held as of the date of the preparation of these financial statements.

(***) Calculated by using the number of share certificates as of year-end.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

SECTION THREE

Accounting Policies

I. Explanations on basis of presentation

a. The preparation of the financial statements and related notes and explanations in accordance with the Turkish Accounting Standards and Regulation on the Principles and Procedures Regarding Banks' Accounting Application and Safeguarding of Documents

The Parent Bank prepares its financial statements in accordance with the BRSA Accounting and Reporting Regulation" which includes the regulation on "The Procedures and Principles Regarding Banks' Accounting Practices and Maintaining Documents" published in the Official Gazette dated 1 November 2006 with No. 26333 and other regulations on accounting records of banks published by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Board and circulars and pronouncements published by the BRSA and Turkish Accounting Standards published by the Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Authority for the matters not regulated by the aforementioned legislations. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in thousand TL, under the historical cost method except for the financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value. The accounting policies used and the valuation principles used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are presented in detail below.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions by the Group management to exercise its judgment on the assets and liabilities of the balance sheet and contingent issues as of the balance sheet date. These estimates and assumptions include fair value calculation of financial instruments and impairment of financial assets are being reviewed regularly and, when necessary, adjustments are made and the effects of these adjustments are reflected to the statement of profit or loss.

As of 1 January 2018, the Parent Bank has complied with TFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("TFRS 9") standard regarding the classification and measurement of financial assets and is exempt from the provision for impairment. The current period financial statements of the Parent Bank are presented in the financial statements format applicable to banks which do not apply TFRS 9 as explained by BRSA.

The Parent Bank has applied to the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency in the frame of the paragraph 6 of Article 9 of the "Regulation on the Procedures and Principles for the Classification of Loans and the Provisions to be Paid for These Loans" which entered into force on 1 January 2018 to get the permission for the additional time until the preparation of the conditions that would be eligible for provision regarding to TFRS 9 instead of application of TFRS 9 and the allocate it under Article 10, 11, 13 and 15 of the Regulation. The BRSA issued a positive response to the application of the Parent Bank on 7 May 2019, the Parent Bank has obtained permission for the implementation of the current standard until 30 April 2020. Within the scope of this permission, TFRS 9 has not been implemented as of 31 December 2019. The Parent Bank recognizes its specific and general provisions in accordance with the relevant articles of the Regulation.

b. Accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the presentation of financial statements

The accounting policies and valuation principles applied in the preparation of consolidated financial statements are determined and applied in accordance with BRSA Accounting and Financial Reporting Legislation. These accounting policies and valuation principles are explained in Notes II to XXIII below.

As of 31 December 2019, the amendments to TFRS 16 and other amendments to TAS / TFRS do not have an impact on the Group's accounting policies, financial position or performance.

c. Restatement of the financial statements according to the current purchasing power of money

Accompanying financial statements are subjected to TAS 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies until 31 December 2004 and with regard to this the BRSA explained with its decision numbered 1623 and dated 21 April 2005 and its circular dated 28 April 2005 that the conditions for applying inflation accounting was no longer applicable and accordingly inflation accounting has not been applied in the accompanying financial statements starting from 1 January 2005.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations on strategy of using financial instruments and foreign currency transactions

The Parent Bank's transactions in foreign currencies are accounted in accordance with the TAS 21 "Accounting Standard on the Effect of Changes in Foreign Currency Rates", and converted with the exchange rate ruling at the transaction date into Turkish Lira. Foreign currency assets and liabilities have been translated into Turkish Lira at the rate of exchange rates of the Bank at the balance sheet date Gains or losses arising from foreign currency transactions and translation of foreign currency assets and liabilities are reflected in the income statement as foreign exchange gain or loss.

The portion of provisions provided for such loans belonging to profit sharing accounts are also evaluated at current foreign exchange rates.

Foreign currency loans, which are accounted for in the loans under follow-up accounts and foreign currency loans and receivables, which are provided from similar sources of the Group, are transferred to related follow-up accounts and the exchange rates are valued there and they can be tracked in Turkish Currency accounts.

The foreign currency exchange differences resulting from the translation of debt securities issued and monetary financial assets into Turkish Lira are included in the income statement.

There are no foreign currency differences capitalized by the Group.

III. Information on consolidated associates

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the procedures listed in the "Communiqués related to the Regulation on the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Banks" published in the Official Gazette No. 26340 dated 8 November 2006 and the "Consolidated Financial Statements" ("TFRS 10").

a. Consolidation principles for subsidiaries

Subsidiaries (including special purpose entity) are all entities, in which the Group has power to control the financial and operating policies for the benefit of the Parent Bank, either (a) through the power to exercise more than 50% of the voting rights relating to shares in the companies owned directly and indirectly by itself; or (b) although not having the power to exercise more than 50% of the using rights, otherwise having the power to exercise control over the financial and operating policies.

Control is evident when the Parent Bank owns, either directly or indirectly, the majority of the share capital of the company or owns the privileged shares or owns the right of controlling the operations of the company in accordance with the agreements made with other shareholders or owns the right of appointment or the designation of the majority of the board of directors of the company.

Subsidiaries are consolidated with full consolidation method by considering the outcomes of their activities and the size of their assets and shareholders' equity in scope of the materiality principle.

Financial statements of the related subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements beginning from the date control on their activities are transferred to the Group. Subsidiaries will be excluded from the scope of consolidation at the date that control is over. Where necessary, accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In accordance with the full consolidation method, balance sheet, income statement and off balance sheet items of the subsidiaries have been 100% consolidated line by line with the balance sheet, income statement and off balance sheet of the Parent Bank. The book value of the investments of the Group in each subsidiary has been netted off with the portion of each subsidiary's capital that belongs to the Group. Unrealized gains and losses and balances resulting from the transactions among the subsidiaries included in consolidation have been eliminated. In order to determine the net income of the Group, minority shares in the net income of the consolidated subsidiaries have been identified and deducted from the net income of the subsidiary.

Emlak Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. was established and registered to the trade registry in 5 August 2019 with the permission taken from "Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency" and "Capital Markets Board of Turkey". Emlak Varlık Kiralama A.Ş has been founded to operate lease certificate according to rulings of Capital Markets Board of Turkey which was dated 7 June 2013 and numbered 28760 serial: 3 no: 61.1 published in Official Gazette. Emlak Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. was established on 5 August 2019 with TL 50 capital amount paid by the Parent Bank. It began to operate after the registration on 5 August 2019.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

III. Information on consolidated associates (continued)

a. Consolidation principles for subsidiaries (continued)

The subsidiaries included in consolidation, their title, their place of incorporation, their main activities and their effective shareholding rates are as follows:

Title	Operation Center (City/Country)	Main Activities	Effective Rates (%)	Direct and Indirect Rates (%)
Emlak Varlık Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Türkiye	Lease Certificate Issue	100	100

b. Presentation of unconsolidated subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures in consolidated financial statements

The Group has no unconsolidated subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.

IV. Explanations on forward, option contracts and derivative instruments

The derivative financial instruments of the Group, generally, consist of forward foreign currency, forward security and swap agreements. Derivative transactions portfolio may change as per market conditions in related terms. The Group records the spot foreign currency transactions in asset purchase and sale commitments.

The liabilities and receivables arising from the derivative transactions are recorded as off-balance sheet items at their contract values. The derivative transactions are initially recognized at fair value and presented in the financial statements at fair values recalculated in the subsequent reporting periods.

V. Explanations on profit share income and expenses

Profit share income

Profit share income is accounted in accordance with the internal rate of return method, which is equal to the net present value of the future cash flows of the financial asset determined in TFRS 9 and reflected to the accrual basis.

The Parent Bank has not applied TFRS 9 within the scope of 10th substance of article which published in Official Gazette dated 22 June 2016 and numbered 29750 entered into force as of 1 January 2018 "Regulation on the classification of loans and provisions to be reserved for them" and application to "Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency". Due to the fact that TFRS 9 is not applied, loans which are considered as non-performing loans are not subject to remeasurement and no profit share accrual or rediscount is made for them.

Profit share expense

The Group recognizes its profit share expenses on an accrual basis. The expense accrual calculated using the unit value calculation on profit and loss sharing accounts is presented under the "Funds Collected" account in the balance sheet.

VI. Explanations on fees, commission income and expenses

Other than commission income and fees and expenses for various banking services that are reflected as income/expense when collected/paid, fees and commission income and expenses are reflected to income statement depending on the term of the related transaction.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VII. Explanations on financial assets

Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit/loss are financial assets other than the ones that are managed with business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows or business model that aims to collect both the contractual cash flows and cash flows arising from the sale of the assets; and if the contractual terms of the financial asset do not lead to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and profit share at certain date; that are either acquired for generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in prices or are financial assets included in a portfolio aiming to short-term profit making. Financial assets at the fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and remeasured at their fair value after recognition. All gains and losses arising from these valuations are reflected in the income statement.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

In addition to financial assets within a business model that aims to hold to collect contractual cash flows and aims to hold to sell, financial asset with contractual terms that lead to cash flows are solely payments of principal and profit share at certain dates, they are classified as fair value through other comprehensive income.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized by adding transaction cost to acquisition cost reflecting the fair value of the financial asset. After the recognition, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are remeasured at fair value. The accumulated fair value differences that are reflected in shareholders' equity are reflected in the income statement when the stated securities are collected or disposed.

Equity instruments, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are accounted for at fair value when they are traded in an organized market and/or the fair value can be reliably measured and these financial assets are not subject to expected losses recognition.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows within the scope of business model where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and profit share on certain dates are classified as financial assets measured at amortized cost.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are initially recognized at acquisition cost including the transaction costs which reflect the fair value of those instruments and subsequently recognized at amortized cost by using effective internal rate of return method. Profit share income obtained from financial assets measured at amortized cost is accounted in statement of profit or loss.

Loans

Loans are non derivative financial assets that have fixed or determinable payments terms and are not quoted in an active market. Stated loans are initially recognized at acquisition cost plus transaction costs presenting their fair value and thereafter measured at amortized cost using the "Effective Profit Share Rate (internal rate of return) Method".

Granted cash loans are accounted by using the relevant accounts in accordance with the principles set out in the "Uniform Chart of Accounts to be Applied by the Participation Banks" and published in the Official Gazette dated 20 September 2017 and numbered 30186.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VIII. Explanations on impairment of financial assets

Loans are financial assets raised through lending without having the intention to trade in the short term.

The Group recognizes loans and receivables at initial recognition costs and is subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective profit share rate method.

In case of the loan portfolio is monitored at regular intervals and there are suspicions that the loans cannot be collected by the Parent Bank's management, loans which have been considered to be problematic reclassified in accordance with the amendments to the" Communique Related to Principles and Procedures on Determining the Qualifications of Banks' Loans and Other Receivables and the Provision for These Loans and Other Receivables" (Provisions Regulation) ". The Parent Bank realizes classification and provision transactions in accordance with the provisions of the Provisions Regulation on the banks that not apply TFRS 9. For the cash loans classified as non-performing, specific provision is set for the remaining loan balance after deducting collateral amount, which is calculated by taking collaterals admission rates into account, and by using the rates specified in the communiqué. Provisions released in same year are recognized as a credit under the "Provision Expenses", released portion of the previous period provisions are recognized under "Other Operating Income" account Collections are accounted for under "Non-performing Loans (including collections from Doubtful Receivables)" and "Interest on Uncollectible Loans and Other Receivables" accounts. Besides the specific provisions, the Parent Bank provided general loan loss provision for loans and other receivables in accordance with the relevant regulations. The amount of the previous priod prevising the provision for the current period and the remaining amount is recorded as income from the previous year's expenses in the collection accounts.

The profit sharing accounts' portion of general and specific provisions for loans and other receivables originated from profit sharing accounts is reflected to the profit sharing accounts.

IX. Explanations on offsetting of financial instruments

Financial instruments are offset when the Group has a legally enforceable right to net off the recognized amounts, and there is an intention to settle on net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

X. Explanations on sale and repurchase agreements and lending of securities

Securities subject to repurchase agreement are classified as "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Profit/Loss", "Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income" and "Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost" according to the investment purposes of the Group and measured according to the portfolio to which they belong. Funds obtained from the related agreements are accounted under "Borrowings from Money Markets" in liabilities and expense rediscount is calculated in accordance with the difference between the sale and repurchase price is accrued over the life of the agreements using the internal rate of return method. Profit share expense on such transactions is recorded under "Profit Share Expense on Money Market Borrowings" in the statement of profit or loss.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

XI. Explanations on assets held for sale and discontinued operations and liabilities related to these assets

Assets held for sale (or disposal group) are measured at the lower of the carrying amount of assets and fair value less any cost to be incurred for disposal. In order to classify an asset as held for sale, the possibility of sale should be highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) should be available for immediate sale in its present condition. Highly saleable condition requires a plan designed by an appropriate level of management regarding the sale of the asset to be disposed of together with an active program for the determination of buyers as well as for the completion of the plan. Also the asset shall be actively marketed in conformity with its fair value. In addition, the sale is expected to be recognized as a completed sale within one year after the classification date and the necessary transactions and procedures to complete the plan should demonstrate the fact that there is remote possibility of making any significant changes in the plan or cancellation of the plan.

The Group has assets that are possessed due to receivables and debtors' obligations to the Bank and classified as assets held for sale. In the case that the Group has not disposed of such assets within a year of receipt or failed to produce a solid plan for sale of the assets, they are reclassified as fixed assets and are amortized. The Bank transfers such assets from assets held for sale and discounted operations to tangible assets.

A discontinued operation is a part of the Group's business which has been disposed of or classified as held for sale. The operating results of the discontinued operations are disclosed separately in the income statement.

XII. Explanations on goodwill and other intangible assets

Goodwill and other intangible assets are recorded at cost in accordance with TAS 38 "Turkish Accounting Standards for Intangible Assets".

As of the 31 December 2019, there is no goodwill in the financial statements of the Bank (31 December 2018: None).

The Group's intangible assets consist of software and intangible rights. The costs of the intangible assets purchased before 31 December 2004 have been restated from the purchasing dates to 31 December 2004, the date the hyperinflationary period is considered to be ended. Intangible assets purchased after this date have been recorded at their historical costs. Intangible assets are amortised by the Group over their estimated economic useful lives in equal amounts on a straight-line basis. Useful lives of the Bank's software have been determined as 3 to 4 years and other intangible assets' useful lives have been determined as 15 years.

If there is objective evidence of impairment, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in accordance with the TAS 36 "Turkish Accounting Standard for Impairment of Assets" and if the recoverable amount is less than the carrying value of the related asset, a provision for impairment loss is provided.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

XIII. Explanations on tangible assets

The cost of the tangible assets purchased before 31 December 2004 have been restated by inflationary index from the purchasing dates to 31 December 2004, the date the hyperinflationary period is considered to be ended. The tangible assets purchased after this date are recorded at their historical costs. Tangible assets are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and provision for impairment, if any in compliance with the TAS 16 "Turkish Accounting Standards for Tangible Assets" in the financial statements.

There are no restrictions such as pledges, mortgages or any other restriction on tangible assets. There are no changes in the accounting estimates which are expected to have an impact in the current or subsequent periods.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis. Depreciation rates used are determined by considering the estimated economic useful life of the assets. The annual rates used are as follows:

	Depreciation Rate (%)
Computers	10-33
Furniture and equipment	20
Other moveables	7-33
Other moveables	20
Intangible assets (Rights)	7-33

The depreciation of an asset held for a period less than a full financial year is calculated as a proportion of the full year depreciation charge from the date of acquisition to the financial year end.

Gain or loss resulting from disposals of the tangible assets is calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from the sale and the net book value of the related asset.

The repair and maintenance costs of the tangible assets are capitalized, if the expenditure increases the economic life of the asset. Other repair and maintenance costs are expensed.

XIV. Explanations on leasing transactions

The Group has started to apply TFRS 16 Leases standard starting from 1 January 2019.

The Group recognizes the right of use and the rent obligation on the financial statements at the effective date of the lease. The right of use is measured initially at cost value and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses and adjusted for the re-measurement of the lease obligation. TAS 36 Impairment of Assets is applied in order to determine whether the real estates that are entitled to use have been impaired and to recognize the impairment loss.

With the TFRS 16 Leases Standard effective from 1 January 2019, the difference between operating leases and financial leases is eliminated and leases are presented as assets by the lessees under Tangible Assets and as liabilities under Liabilities from Leasing Transactions.

TFRS 16 introduces a single leasing accounting model for lessees. As a result, the Parent Bank, as a lessee, has acquired the lease rights representing the lease rights representing the right to use the underlying asset and the lease payments to the financial statements. Accounting for the lessor is similar to the previous accounting policies.

The Parent Bank when valuing its leasing obligations, discounted its leasing payments using an alternative borrowing rate. The weighted-average rate applied is 17% for leasing agreements denominated in Turkish liras. The first time application impact of TFRS 16 are summarized below:

	1 January 2019	31 December 2019
Existence of right to use	-	30.482
Lease payables	-	30.567

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

XIV. Explanations on leasing transactions (continued)

Existence of right to use

- The right to use asset is first recognized by cost method and includes:
- The initial measurement amount of the lease obligation,
- The amount obtained by deducting all the rental incentives received from all lease payments made at or before the beginning of the lease;
- All initial direct costs incurred by the Parent Bank

When applying the cost method, the existence of the right to use:

- accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses are deducted and
- measures the restatement of the lease obligation at the restated cost.

The Group applies depreciation provisions in TAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment while depreciating the right to use assets.

The lease obligations

At the effective date of the lease, the Group measures its leasing liability at the present value of the lease payments not paid at that time. Lease payments are discounted using the Group's average borrowing interest rates.

The lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability consist of the payments to be made for the right of use during the lease term of the underlying asset and the unpaid payments at the effective date of the lease.

After the effective date of the lease, the Group measures the leasing liability as follows:

- Increase the book value to reflect the interest on the lease obligation
- Reduces the book value to reflect the lease payments made and
- The book value is measured to reflect reassessments and restructuring, or reflect to fixed lease payments as of revised nature.

The profit share on the lease liability for each period in the lease period is the amount calculated by applying a fixed periodic profit share rate to the remaining balance of the lease liability.

As of 31 December 2019, the Bank has no liability for the usage right arising from the lease transactions and leasing transactions.

XV. Explanations on provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions and contingent liabilities, excluding the general and specific provisions for impairment on loans, are accounted in accordance with TAS 37: "Turkish Accounting Standard for Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets".

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

A provision for contingent liabilities arising from past events should be recognized in the same period of occurrence in accordance with the cut-off principle.

A liability is recognized as a contingent liability where a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of more than one events not wholly within the control of the Group; or a present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability and disclosed in the footnotes.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

XVI. Explanations on liabilities regarding employee rights

i) *Defined benefit plans:*

Provision for employee severance benefits has been accounted for in accordance with TAS 19 "Employee Benefits".

Provision for employee termination benefits is calculated at net present value of the estimated future probable obligation arising from the retirement of the employees in accordance with the Turkish Labor Law or the termination of the employee relationship by completing at least one year service, calling for military service, or in case of death.

Provision for the employees' unused vacations has been booked in accordance with TAS 19 and reflected to the financial statements.

Some of the Group employees are members of T.C. Ziraat Bankası A.Ş. ve T. Halk Bankası A.Ş. Mensupları Emekli ve Yardım Sandığı Vakfı.

The Group has no liabilities to these foundations (31 December 2018: None).

ii) *Defined contribution plans*:

The Group pays defined contribution plans to publicly administered Social Security Funds for its employees. The Group has not any further payment obligations other than this contribution share. The contributions are recognized as personnel expenses when they accrued.

iii) Short term benefits to employees

In accordance with TAS 19, Group measures the expected costs of the cumulative annual leaves as additional amounts anticipate to pay accumulated and unused rights as of reporting period.

XVII. Explanations on taxation

Current tax

The Group is subject to tax laws and legislation effective in Turkey.

While the corporate tax rate was at the rate of 20% since 1 January 2006, such rate has been set as 22% for the tax bases of the years 2018, 2019, and 2020 based on the legislation of the Amendment on Certain Tax Laws and Other Laws no. 7061. Furthermore, the Council of Ministers has been authorized to reduce the rate of 22% down to 20%.

Dividends paid to the resident institutions are not subject to withholding tax in Turkey. Withholding tax rate on the dividend payments other than these is 15%. Appropriation of the retained earnings to capital is not considered as profit distribution and accordingly is not subject to withholding tax.

The prepaid taxes are calculated based on quarterly profits of the Parent Bank using current rate which must be announced by the 14th day and paid by the 17th day of the second month following the taxed period. The prepaid taxes can be deducted from the annual corporate tax calculated on the annual corporate income. The remaining prepaid tax, if any after deduction, can be refunded in cash or deducted from other financial liabilities to the government.

A 75% portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of equity investments and a 50% portion of the capital gains derived from the sale of immovable properties held for at least two years is tax exempt, if such gains are added to paid-in capital or held in a special fund account under liability for five years.

In accordance with the Turkish tax legislation, tax losses can be carried forward to offset against future taxable income for up to 5 years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definite agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns to their tax offices by the end of 25th of the fourth month following the close of the accounting period to which they relate. Tax returns are open for five years from the beginning of the year that follows the date of filing during which time the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue reassessments based on their findings and carry out sectorial investigations.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

XVII. Explanations on taxation (continued)

Deferred tax

The Group calculates and accounts for deferred income taxes for temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in these financial statements in accordance with "Turkish Accounting Standard for Income Taxes" ("TAS 12"). Deferred tax asset is calculated on all temporary differences to the extent that is probable that taxable profit will be available and deferred tax liability is calculated for all temporary differences. Deferred tax asset and liabilities are shown in the accompanying financial statements on a net basis.

Deferred tax liabilities are calculated for all of the temporary differences whereas deferred tax assets resulting from temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

Deferred tax is measured at enacted tax rates prevailing in the period when the assets are realized or liabilities are settled, and the tax is recorded as income or expense in the income statement. Nonetheless, if the deferred tax is related to assets directly associated with the equity in the same or different period, it is directly recognized in the equity accounts. According to a change in Corporate Tax Law, which were published in the Official Gazette dated 5 December 2017 and numbered 30261, Article 91, Corporate Tax has been increased to 22% from 20% in order to be applied to the profits of the institutions for the taxation periods of 2018, 2019 and 2020. The Group calculates deferred taxes using related ratios considering the realization period of the temporary differences.

Transfer pricing

Transfer pricing is regulated through the article 13 of Corporate Tax Law titled "Disguised Profit Distribution by way of Transfer Pricing". Detailed information for the practice regarding the subject is found in the "General Communiqué on Disguised Profit Distribution by way of Transfer Pricing".

According to the related regulation, in the case of making purchase or sales of goods or services with related persons/corporations at a price that is determined against "the arm's length principle", the gain is considered to be distributed implicitly through transfer pricing and such distribution of gains is not deductible in calculation of corporate tax.

XVIII. Additional explanations on borrowings

There are no debt securities issued by the Group.

XIX. Explanations on issued share certificates

None.

XX. Explanations on acceptances and availed drafts

None.

XXI. Explanations on government grants

None.

XXII. Explanations on segment reporting

Business segment is a component of the Bank that engages in business activities from which the Group may earn revenues and incur expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Bank's chief operating decision makers to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial available.

XXIII. Explanations on investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures

Non-financial subsidiaries and associates (in Turkish Lira) are accounted at cost in the consolidated financial statements and if any, provisions for impairment losses are deducted in accordance with TAS 27.

XXIV. Explanations on other matters

As of 31 December 2018, the provision balance amounting to TL 9.777, which is classified under Expected Loss Provisions under assets section in the statement of financial position as of 31 December 2018, has been reclassified under General Provisions under the liabilities in the balance sheet as of 31 December 2018 in compliance with current period financial statements.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

SECTION FOUR

Information on Financial Structure and Risk Management of the Group

I. Explanations on consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio

Total capital and capital adequacy ratio have been calculated in accordance with the "Regulation on Equity of Banks" and "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks". As of 31 December 2019, the Group's total capital has been calculated as TL 2.168.964 and capital adequacy standard ratio is 63,64%. As of 31 December 2018, Bank's total capital amounted to TL 1.085.818 and capital adequacy ratio was 268,36%. The Group's capital adequacy standard ratio is above the minimum ratio required by the legislation.

a. Information on capital

	Current Period	Amounts related to treatment before 1 January 2014 ^(*)
COMMON EQUITY TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Paid-in capital following all debts in terms of claim in liquidation of the Bank	750.000	-
Share issue premiums	-	-
Reserves	351.106	-
Gains recognized in equity as per TAS	-	-
Profit	44.979	-
Current Period Profit	44.979	-
Prior Period Profit	-	-
Shares acquired free of charge from subsidiaries, affiliates and jointly controlled partnerships and		
cannot be recognized within profit for the period	-	-
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital Before Deductions	1.146.085	-
Deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 Capital		
Common Equity as per the 1st clause of Provisional Article 9 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	-
Portion of the current and prior periods' losses which cannot be covered through reserves and losses		
reflected in equity in accordance with TAS	-	-
Improvement costs for operating leasing	22.866	-
Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	-	-
Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	39.802	-
Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences		
(net of related tax liability)	-	-
Differences are not recognized at the fair value of assets and liabilities subject to hedge of cash flow		
risk	-	-
Communiqué related to principles of the amount credit risk calculated with the Internal Ratings		
Based Approach, total expected loss amount exceeds the total provision	-	-
Gains arising from securitization transactions	-	-
Unrealized gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	-
Defined-benefit pension fund net assets		
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Common Equity	-	-
Shares obtained contrary to the 4th clause of the 56th Article of the Law	-	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial	-	-
institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common		
share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial		
institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the issued common		
share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Portion of mortgage servicing rights exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	-	-
Portion of deferred tax assets based on temporary differences exceeding 10% of the Common Equity	-	-
Amount exceeding 15% of the common equity as per the 2nd clause of the Provisional Article 2 of the		
Regulation on the Equity of Banks	-	-
Excess amount arising from the net long positions of investments in common equity items of banks		
and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the		
issued common share capital	-	-
Excess amount arising from mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Excess amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
Deductions to be made from common equity due to insufficient Additional Tier I Capital or Tier II		
Capital Total Dadations From Common Fronts Time 1 Conital	-	-
Total Deductions From Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	62.668	-
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	1.083.417	-

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations on consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio (continued)

a. Information on capital (continued)

ADDITIONAL TIER 1 CAPITAL		
Preferred Stock not Included in Common Equity and the Related Share Premiums	-	-
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA ^(**)	1.063.712	-
Debt instruments and premiums approved by BRSA(Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Additional Tier I Capital before Deductions	1.063.712	-
Deductions from Additional Tier I Capital		
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank in its own Additional Tier I Capital	-	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest in Bank's additional equity and components of equity issued		
by financial institutions with compatible with Article 7.	-	-
Total of Net Long Positions of the Investments in Equity Items of Unconsolidated Banks and Financial		
Institutions where the Bank Owns 10% or less of the Issued Share Capital Exceeding the 10% Threshold		
of above Tier I Capital	-	-
The Total of Net Long Position of the Direct or Indirect Investments in Additional Tier I Capital of		
Unconsolidated Banks and Financial Institutions where the Bank Owns more than 10% of the Issued		
Share Capital	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA	-	-
Transition from the Core Capital to Continue to deduce Components		
Goodwill and other intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities which will not deducted from		
Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of		
the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	-
Net deferred tax asset/liability which is not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the		
purposes of the sub-paragraph of the Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-) Deductions to be made from common equity in the case that adequate Additional Tier I Capital or Tier	-	-
II Capital is not available (-)		
Total Deductions From Additional Tier I Capital	-	
Total Additional Tier I Capital		
Total Tier I Capital (Tier I Capital=Common Equity+Additional Tier I Capital)	2.147.129	
TIER II CAPITAL		
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by the BRSA	-	
Debt instruments and share issue premiums deemed suitable by BRSA (Temporary Article 4)	-	-
Provisions (Article 8 of the Regulation on the Equity of Banks)	21.835	-
Tier II Capital Before Deductions	21.835	-
Deductions From Tier II Capital		
Direct and indirect investments of the Bank on its own Tier II Capital (-)	-	-
Investments of Bank to Banks that invest on Bank's Tier 2 and components of equity issued by financial		
institutions with the conditions declared in Article 8.	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in equity items of banks and financial		
institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or less of the issued common		
share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank(-)	-	-
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments made in Additional Tier I Capital item of banks		
and financial institutions outside the scope of consolidation where the Bank owns 10% or more of the		
issued common share capital exceeding 10% of Common Equity of the Bank	-	-
Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Total Deductions from Tier II Capital	-	-
Total Tier II Capital	21.835	-
Total Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital)	2.168.964	-
Deductions from Total Capital		
Deductions from Capital Loans granted contrary to the 50th and 51th Article of the Law	-	-
Net Book Values of Movables and Immovables Exceeding the Limit Defined in the Article 57, Clause		
1 of the Banking Law and the Assets Acquired against Overdue Receivables and Held for Sale but		
Retained more than Five Years Other items to be defined by the BRSA (-)	-	-
Liner tiems to be defined by the BRNA (_)	-	-

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations on consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio (continued)

a. Information on capital (continued)

Continue to Download Components		
The Sum of net long positions of investments (the portion which exceeds the 10% of Banks		
Common Equity) in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the		
scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued		
common share capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1		
capital, Additional Tier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of		
he Provisional Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital		
of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory		
consolidation, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share		
capital of the entity which will not deducted from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Additional		
Fier 1 capital, Tier 2 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional		
Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	
The Sum of net long positions of investments in the common stock of banking, financial and		
nsurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, where the bank does		
not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity, mortgage servicing		
ights, deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences which will not deducted from		
Common Equity Tier 1 capital for the purposes of the first sub-paragraph of the Provisional		
Article 2 of the Regulation on Banks' Own Funds (-)	-	
Fotal Capital (The sum of Tier I Capital and Tier II Capital and After The Deductions		
From Total Capital)	2.168.964	
Fotal Risk Weighted Amounts	3.408.374	
Capital Adequacy Ratios		
Core Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	31,79	
Fier 1 Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	63,00	
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	63,64	
BUFFERS		
Total buffer requirement (a+b+c)	2,5	
a) Capital conservation buffer requirement (%)	2,5	
b) Bank specific counter-cyclical buffer requirement (%)	_,0	
c) Systemic important bank buffer ratio (%)	_	
The ratio of Additional Common Equity Tier 1 capital which will be calculated by the first		
paragraph of the Article 4 of Regulation on Capital Conservation and Countercyclical Capital		
puffers to Risk Weighted Assets (%)	27,29	
Amounts Lower Than Excesses as per Deduction Rules	21,2)	
Portion of the total of net long positions of investments in equity items of unconsolidated		
banks and financial institutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital		
exceeding the 10% threshold of above Tier I capital		
Portion of the total of investments in equity items of unconsolidated banks and financial	-	
nstitutions where the bank owns 10% or less of the issued share capital exceeding the 10%		
hreshold of above Tier I capital		
	-	
Limits related to provisions considered in Tier II calculation	102 414	
Amount arising from deferred tax assets based on temporary differences	102.414	
Limits related to provisions considered in Tier II calculation General provisions for standard based receivables (before tenthousandtwentyfive limitation)	21.835	
Jp to 1.25% of total risk-weighted amount of general reserves for receivables where the	21.855	
	21.925	
standard approach used	21.835	
Excess amount of total provision amount to credit risk Amount of the Internal Ratings Based		
Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the Calculation	-	
Excess amount of total provision amount to 0,6% of risk weighted receivables of credit risk		
Amount of the Internal Ratings Based Approach in accordance with the Communiqué on the		
Calculation	-	
Debt instruments subjected to Article 4 (to be implemented between January 1, 2018 and January 1, 2022)		
Jpper limit for Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4		
Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier I Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	
	-	
Upper limit for Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4 Amounts Excess the Limits of Additional Tier II Capital subjected to temporary Article 4	-	

(**) Pursuant to BRSA approval dated 22 April 2019, on 24 April 2019 the Parent Bank received a EUR 200 million (full) subordinated loan as an indefinite-term, non-dividend paying addition to its core capital from the Türkiye Varlık Fonu Piyasa İstikrar ve Denge Alt Fonu.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations on consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio (continued)

b. Details on subordinated liabilities

I	Türkiye Varlık Fonu Piyasa İstikrar Ve
Issuer	Denge Alt Fonu
Unique Identifier (CUSIP, ISIN etc.)	TRT240424F22
	Regulation on Banks "Equity
	Communiqué on
	Principles Regarding Borrowing
	Instruments
	to be Included in Banks" Equity
Governing Law(s) of the Instrument	Calculation
Special Consideration in the Calculation of Equity	
As of 1 January 2015 consideration to be subject to a 10% reduction application	
status	No
Eligible at Unconsolidated/Consolidated	Unconsolidated/Consolidated
Instrument Type	Subordinated Loan
Amount recognized in regulatory capital (as of most recent reporting date)	1.063.712
Par Value of Instrument	1.333.304
Accounting Classification	Subordinated Loan
Original date of Issuance	24.04.2019
Perpetual or dated	Undated
Maturity date	24.04.2019
Issuer call subject to prior supervisory (BRSA) approval	Yes
	Last Payment Date: 24.05.2024
	Total Payment Amount: EUR 200
Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	million (full)
Subsequent call dates	
Profit Share/Dividends	
Fixed or floating profit share/dividend	-
Profit share rate and any related index	-
Existence of a dividend stopper	_
Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Optional
Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	-
Noncumulative or cumulative	Noncumulative
Convertible or Non-convertible	Honeumulative
If convertible, conversion trigger	-
If convertible, fully or partially	
If convertible, conversion rate	-
If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	
	-
If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	-
If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	-
Write-down feature	
	In case of the ratio of core capital
	adequacy
If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	ratio fall below 5,125%
	At least to ensure that the core
If write-down, full or partial	capital ratio exceeds 5,125%
If write down, permanent or temporary	Permanent and Temporary
If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	There is write-up mechanism.
Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type	After all creditors and participation
immediately senior to instrument)	fund owners
In compliance with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	In compliance with article number 7
Details of incompliances with article number 7 and 8 of "Own fund regulation"	In compliance with article number 7

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations on consolidated capital adequacy standard ratio (continued)

c. Information on capital

The difference between Total Capital and Equity in the consolidated balance sheet mainly arises from Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses, debt instruments, and share issue premiums deemed suitable by the BRSA. In the calculation of Total Capital, Stage 1 and Stage 2 expected credit losses up to 1,25% of the credit risk is taken into consideration as Tier II Capital. On the other hand, in the calculation of the Total Capital, improvement costs for operating leases followed under tangible assets in the balance sheet, intangible assets and related deferred tax liabilities, net book value of immovables that are acquired against overdue receivables and retained more than five years, other items defined by the regulator are taken into consideration as amounts deducted from Total Capital.

II. Explanations on consolidated credit risk

Credit risk represents the Group's risk or losses arising from corporate and individual loan customers who have cash or non-cash credit relations with the Group not fulfilling the terms of their agreements partially or in full. Limit assignment authority primarily belongs to the Board of Directors and based on the authority given by the Board of Directors, the risk limits of the Group are determined by Head-office Loan Committee, Loan Committee and Board of Directors. Head-office Loan Committee may exercise such authority partially through units of the Group or branches. Proposal for loans are presented in a written format to the Loan Committee and Board of Directors.

Regarding the credit risk, debtors or group of debtors is subject to risk limitations. Credit limits are determined separately for each individual customer, company, group of companies, and risk groups. While determining credit risk several criteria such as the customers' financial strength, commercial capacities, sectors, geographical areas and capital structure are evaluated collectively.

In the limit to be allocated to a natural or legal person, legal legislation is considered as the upper limit. Distributing the risk in a balanced manner to the sectors is observed, therefore in their marketing operations the branches strive for reaching various firms existing in different sectors. As a principle, each branch oversee the balanced distribution of the total risk to the sectors and progress of the firms existing in critical sectors.

The credibility of the debtors of loans are monitored periodically in accordance with related legislation. The financial documents for loans are obtained, audited and updated as necessary as stipulated in the related legislation. Credit limits of customers are renewed periodically according to the Group's credit limit renewal procedure. The Parent Bank obtains necessary collaterals for loans by analyzing the creditworthiness of corporate and individual loans according to its credit policy. Main collaterals obtained for credit risk are mortgage on real estate, cash blockage and pledges on vehicle.

Limits defined by the Board of Directors and Loan Committee for each bank are followed-up by Treasury Management on a daily basis for the transactions related with placements or treasury operations like foreign currency purchase and sales with domestic and foreign correspondent banks.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations on consolidated credit risk (continued)

The amount of exposures after offsetting transactions but before applying credit risk mitigations and the average exposure amounts that are classified in different risk groups and types, are disclosed below for the relevant period:

	Current Period	Average
Risk Categories	Risk Amount	Risk Amount ^(*)
Receivables from central governments or central banks	1.864.099	1.021.476
Receivables from regional or local governments	-	-
Receivables from administrative units and non-commercial enterprises	-	-
Receivables from multilateral development banks	-	-
Receivables from international organizations	-	-
Receivables from banks and brokerage houses	1.832.926	1.349.494
Receivables from corporates	1.913.752	1.077.867
Retail receivables	-	2.858
Receivables secured by mortgages on property	132.217	44.563
Past due receivables	-	-
Receivables defined in high risk category by BRSA	-	-
Securities collateralized by mortgages	-	-
Short-term receivables from banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-
Investments similar to collective investment funds	-	-
Other receivables	529.048	489.475
Equity share investments	-	-
Total ^(*)	6.272.042	3.985.733

(*)Average risk amount was tested by taking the arithmetic average of monthly risk amounts for 2019.

The Parent Bank considers that long-term commitments are exposed to more credit risk than short-term commitments, and matters such as defining risk limits and obtaining collateral for long-term risks are addressed more extensively as compared to short-term risks.

The Parent Bank has credit lines in different countries within the scope of its banking activity and due inquires (economic, cyclical, etc.) are carried out during the allocation and revision of such credit lines.

For the banks where correspondent activity and international commodity transactions are intended to be carried out, credit limits are allocated by the related credit committees taking into account the size of the correspondent bank and the size of the Parent Bank itself and concentration of risk is avoided. The Parent Bank does not carry any serious risk in this respect.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations on consolidated credit risk (continued)

Profile on significant risks in significant regions

]	Risk Categoi	ries ^(*)					
Current Period	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Domestic	1.864.099	-	-	-	1.811.280	1.913.752	-	132.217	-	-	529.048	-	6.250.396
EU Countries	-	-	-	-	9.820	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.820
OECD Countries (**)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-shore banking regions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USA, Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other countries	-	-	-	-	11.826	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.826
Associates, subsidiaries and jointly													
controlled entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unallocated assets/liabilities (***)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1.864.099	-	-	-	1.832.926	1.913.752	-	132.217	-	-	529.048	-	6.272.042
Prior Period	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Domestic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EU Countries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
OECD Countries (**)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Off-shore banking regions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USA, Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other countries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Associates, subsidiaries and jointly													
controlled entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unallocated assets/liabilities (***)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(*)Risk classifications in the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks" will be used.

(**)OECD countries other than EU countries, USA and Canada.

(***) Assets and liabilities are not allocated on a consistent basis.

1- Receivables from central governments or central banks

2- Receivables from regional or local governments

3- Receivables from administrative units and non-commercial enterprises

4- Receivables from multilateral development banks

5- Receivables from banks and brokerage houses

6- Receivables from corporates

7- Retail receivables

8- Receivables secured by mortgages on property

9- Past due receivables

10- Investments as collective investment enterprises

11- Other receivables

12- Equity share investments

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations on consolidated credit risk (continued)

Risk Profile according to sectors and counterparties

									Risk Cat	egories						
	Sectors / Counterparties	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TL	FC	Total
1	Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	-	150
1.1	Farming and stockbreeding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.2	Forestry	-	-	-	-	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	-	150
1.3	Fishery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Manufacturing	-	-	-	-	-	508.109	-	10.907	-	-	-	-	58.516	460.500	519.016
2.1	Mining	-	-	-	-	-	101.320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	101.320	101.320
2.2	Production	-	-	-	-	-	344.836	-	10.907	-	-	-	-	33.096	322.647	355.743
2.3	Electricity, gas, water	-	-	-	-	-	61.953	-	-	-	-	-	-	25.420	36.533	61.953
3	Construction	-	-	-	-	-	655.909	-	97.835	-	-	-	-	482.089	271.655	753.744
4	Services	1.864.099	-	-	-	1.832.926	743.303	-	23.250	-	-	134.121	-	2.039.780	2.557.919	4.597.699
4.1	Wholesale and retail trade	-	-	-	-	-	284.729	-	688	-	-	-	-	120.866	164.551	285.417
4.2	Hotel, food and beverage															
	services	-	-	-	-	-	186	-	-	-	-	-	-	186	-	186
4.3	Transportation and															
	telecommunication	-	-	-	-	-	110.761	-	877	-	-	3	-	1.605	110.036	111.641
4.4	Financial institutions	-	-	-	-	1.832.926	68.972	-	-	-	-	10.915	-	1.650.966	261.894	1.912.813
4.5	Real estate and renting															
	services	-	-	-	-	-	27.377	-	21.685	-	-	-	-	-	49.062	49.062
4.6	Self-employment services	-	-	-	-	-	251.278	-	-	-	-	52	-	69.779	181.551	251.330
4.7	Education services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.8	Health and social services	1.864.099	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	123.151	-	196.425	1.790.825	1.987.250
5	Other	-	-	-	-	-	6.281	-	225	-	-	394.927	-	389.087	12.346	401.433
	Total	1.864.099	-	-	-	1.832.926	1.913.752	-	132.217	-	-	529.048	-	2.969.622	3.302.420	6.272.042

1- Receivables from central governments or central banks

2- Receivables from regional or local governments

3- Receivables from administrative units and non-commercial enterprises

4- Receivables from multilateral development banks

5- Receivables from banks and brokerage houses

6- Receivables from corporates

7- Retail receivables

8- Receivables secured by mortgages on property

9- Past due receivables

10- Investments as collective investment enterprises

11- Other receivables

12- Equity share investments

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations on consolidated credit risk (continued)

Distribution of risks with term structure according to remaining maturities

			,	Time to Maturi	ty	
	Risk Categories	1 month	1–3 months	3–6 months	6–12 months	1 year and over
1	Receivables from central governments or central banks	-	-	-	-	1.097.529
2	Receivables from regional or local governments	-	-	-	-	-
3	Receivables from administrative units and non- commercial enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
4	Receivables from multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-
5	Receivables from international organizations	-	-	-	-	-
6	Receivables from banks and brokerage houses	2.573.608	-	-	-	-
7	Receivables from corporates	159.895	295.474	273.881	502.564	1.710.094
8	Retail receivables	-	-	-	-	-
9	Receivables secured by mortgages on property	9.652	13.110	22.704	39.706	129.645
10	Past due receivables	-	-	-	-	-
11	Receivables defined in high risk category by BRSA	-	-	-	-	-
12	Securities collateralized by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-
13	Short-term receivables from banks, brokerage houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-
14	Investments similar to collective investment funds	-	-	-	-	-
15	Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-
16	Equity share investments	-	-	-	-	-
17	Total	2.743.155	308.584	296.585	542.270	2.937.268

While determining risk weights of receivables from banks and receivables from central banks and central governments indicated in the sixth article of "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks", rating grades obtained from rating agencies commissioned by customers are being used. Other receivables in the regulation are considered as unrated while calculating capital adequacy.

Total exposure amount before and after applying risk mitigation techniques and total amounts deducted from the capital which are calculated in accordance with the Appendix-1 of the "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy Ratio of Banks" are presented below:

_	Risk Weights	0%	10%	20%	35%	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	Deductions from Shareholders' Equity
1	Amount before credit risk mitigation Amount after credit	949.085	-	1.650.917	21.400	1.381.736	-	2.125.382	-	-	62.668
2	risk mitigation	959.056	-	1.650.987	21.400	1.381.736	-	2.115.341	-	-	62.668

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations on consolidated credit risk (continued)

Amounts of impaired loans and past due receivables, value adjustments and provisions, current period value adjustments and provisions according to sectors or counterparties individually

Impaired credits are the credits that were deemed to be impaired because of the credibility or delaying more than 90 days as of the end of the reporting period. For these credits "Specific Provision" calculation is made within the scope of Regulation on Provisions.

Past Due Credits

Past due credits are the credits whose maturity delayed up to 90 days as of the end of the reporting period but not incurred to impairment. For these credits "General Provision" calculation is made within the scope of Regulation for Provisions.

		Loans		
	Imparied Credits	Past Due Credits	Value Adjustments ^(*)	Provisions ^(**)
1 Agriculture	-	-	-	-
1.1 Farming and stockbreeding	-	-	-	-
1.2 Forestry	-	-	-	-
1.3 Fishery	-	-	-	-
2 Manufacturing	-	32.892	-	32.892
2.1 Mining	-	32.892	-	32.892
2.2 Production	-	-	-	-
2.3 Electricity, gas, water	-	-	-	-
3 Construction	-	118.969	-	118.969
4 Services	-	-	-	-
4.1 Wholesale and retail trade	-	-	-	-
4.2 Hotel, food and beverage services	-	-	-	-
4.3 Transportation and telecommunication	-	-	-	-
4.4 Financial institutions	-	-	-	-
4.5 Real estate and renting services	-	-	-	-
4.6 Self-employment services	-	-	-	-
4.7 Education services	-	-	-	-
4.8 Health and social services	-	-	-	-
5 Other	-	36.461	-	36.461
6 Total	-	188.322	-	188.322

(*) Valuation adjustments represent general provisions reserved for overdue loans.

(**) It refers to the special provision amount.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations on consolidated credit risk (continued)

Information about value adjustment and change in provisions

Current Period

I Reversals	Adjustments	Balance
	-	188.322 88.918
	90 111 41 -	

Prior Period

Risk Weights	Opening Balance	Provision for Period	Provision Reversals	Other Adjustments	Closing Balance
1 Specific Provisions	1.303.781	10.075	1.125.513	-	188.343
2 General Provisions	-	9.777	-	-	9.777

Explanations on risks including countercyclical capital buffer calculation

Explanations on receivables from consolidated private sector

Country where risk is ultimately taken	Private sector loans in banking books	Risk weighted amount calculated within trading book	Total
Turkey	6.172.413	14.065	6.186.478
Bosnia and Herzegovina	23.336	-	23.336
Malta	-	-	-
Marshall Island	-	-	-
Georgia	-	-	-
USA	-	-	-
Panama	-	-	-
Romania	-	-	-
Italy	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

III. Explanations on consolidated currency risk

Foreign currency risk arises from the Group's possible exposure to the changes in foreign currencies.

- **a.** The Group is exposed to currency risks as a market risk and tries to balance the currency risks by avoiding to keep any long or short positions. The currency risk of the Group is monitored on a daily basis. Net foreign currency position/shareholders' equity ratio is also controlled on a daily basis. All foreign currency assets of the Group, liabilities and foreign currency forward transactions are taken into consideration while capital requirement to be employed for foreign currency risk is calculated. Standard Method used in legal reporting and amount subject to risk is calculated on a monthly basis.
- **b.** The Group does not have any derivative financial instruments held for hedging purposes.
- **c.** As a result of the uncertainty and volatility in the markets, foreign currency position is kept at a balance, and accordingly, no currency risk is anticipated. The Group takes necessary measures to keep the currency risk at a minimum level.
- **d.** Foreign exchange buying rates of the last five working days before the balance sheet date as publicly announced by the Group are as follows:

	USD	EUR
As of December, 31, 2019 – Balance sheet evaluation rate	5,9448	6,6665
As of December, 30, 2019	5,9446	6,6550
As of December, 27, 2019	5,9408	6,6153
As of December, 26, 2019	5,9356	6,5825
As of December, 25, 2019	5,9330	6,5805
As of December, 24, 2019	5,9411	6,5837

e. The simple arithmetical average of the major foreign exchange buying rates of the Group for the thirty days before the balance sheet date is TL 5,8469 for 1 USD (December 2018: TL 5,2995), TL 6,4973 for 1 EUR (December 2018: TL 6,0319).

The Group is mainly exposed to EUR and USD currency risks.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

III. Explanations on consolidated currency risk (continued)

Information on currency risk of the Group

	EUR	USD	Other FC	Total
Current Period				
Assets				
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency, money in transit, cheques purchased) and				
balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey	483.206	112.304	112.972	708.482
Banks	158.670	1.971	1.168	161.809
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	563.137	182.097	27.244	772.478
Money market placements	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-
Loans	2.145.722	308.998	-	2.454.720
Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	1.097.529	-	-	1.097.529
Derivative financial assets for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets	-	-	-	-
Intagible assets	-	-	-	-
Other assets	3	60	-	63
Total assets	4.448.267	605.430	141.384	5.195.081
Liabilities				
Current account and funds collected from banks via participation accounts	2.547.337	614.053	44.478	3.205.868
Other current and profit sharing accounts	-	-	-	-
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	-
Funds provided from other financial institutions and subordinated loans	1.563.347	377.611	-	1.940.958
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous payables	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	32.597	10.940	-	43.537
Total liabilities	4.143.281	1.002.604	44.478	5.190.363
Net balance sheet position	304.986	(397.174)	96.906	4.718
	304.980	(397.174)	90.900	4./10
Net off balance sheet position	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial instruments assets	320.369	391.467	104.445	816.281
Derivative financial instruments liabilities	320.369	391.467	104.445	816.281
Non-cash loans (*)	55.820	49.851	-	105.671
Prior Period				
Total assets	50	1.907	-	1.957
Total liabilities	-	515	-	515
Net balance sheet position	50	1.392	-	1.442
Net off balance sheet position	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial instruments assets	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial instruments liabilities	-	-	-	-
Non-cash loans	_	_	_	-
Ton cash found	-	-	-	-

 $\sp{(*)}$ Non-cash loans are not taken into account in the foreign currency position account.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations on consolidated position risk of equity securities in banking book

None (31 December 2018: None.)

V. Explanations on consolidated liquidity risk

Liquidity Risk is managed by Asset and Liability Committee ("ALCO") in line with risk management policies and risk appetite approved by the Board of Directors in order to take the necessary measures in a timely and correct manner against possible liquidity shortages that may result from market conditions and balance sheet structure of the Parent Bank. Under stressed conditions, liquidity risk is managed within the Contingency Funding Plan framework.

The Board of Directors reviews the liquidity risk management strategy, policy and practices and approves the liquidity strategy and policies within the framework of risk management strategy and policies, ensures the effective of practice of policies and integrations with Parent Bank's risk management strategy. The Board of Directors determines the basic metrics in liquidity risk measurement and monitoring. The Board of Directors establishes risk appetite of the Parent Bank in liquidity risk management and identifies the risk limits in accordance with the risk appetite and reviews it regularly.

ALCO takes necessary decisions which will be executed by related departments by assessing the liquidity risk that the Group is exposed to and considering the Group's strategy and conditions of competition and pursues the implementations.

The liquidity structure is evaluated in the framework of ALCO decisions for liquidity management and a placement strategy is developed. Liquidity risk management strategy is determined by considering both normal economic conditions and stress conditions.

Risk Management Presidency, liquidity risk; periodically reports to the relevant unit, the relevant committee and the senior management with the methods of measurement of liquidity risk in compliance with the standards. It manages liquidity risk in accordance with the Parent Bank's portfolio, strategic plans and policies and legal limits, and informs and coordinates the relevant parties on time. In accordance with the market conditions and the Parent Bank's structure, the relevant liquidity risk measurement methods establish, assumptions and parameters used in liquidity risk analyzes are reviewed. Liquidity risk analyzes and important liquidity indicators are regularly reported to senior management. In the stress conditions are carried out in the framework of "Emergency Funding Plan".

The Parent Bank's high level management to determine management strategies for liquidity risk;

- follows obligations arising from domestic and foreign currencies,
- determine the concentration risks of placements,
- actively follows funding sources,
- consider the portfolio diversity,
- follow up the fund flows related to assets and liabilities depending on the maturities.

Market conditions are continuously follow and access problems for the Parent Bank's fund requirements are analyzed and the impact of sudden changes in fund sources is evaluated. Liquidity adequacy is measured by applying stress test to the factors affecting liquidity. Liquidity Risk Stress Test analyzes the compliance of the Parent Bank's cash flow capacity to the cash flow capacity within the framework of the specified scenarios. The scenarios needed for stress tests are based on the changing balance sheet structure. The results are taken into consideration in determining the policies related to liquidity risk and in the preparation of an emergency action plan.

For the purpose of reducing the liquidity risk that the Parent Bank may be exposed to compliance with the strategies implemented (monitoring of concentration, diversification of funding sources, high quality liquid assets, etc.) is monitored effectively by the senior management of the Parent Bank taking into account legal and prudential limits. For non-mitigation risks, acceptance of the current risk level, reducing or terminating the risk-causing activity are evaluated.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

V. Explanations on consolidated liquidity risk (continued)

Liquidity coverage ratio

		Rate of "Percen taken into acco	ount" not	Rate of "Percer taken into a	ccount"
		Implemented To		Implemented T	otal value ⁽¹⁾
	Current Period	TL+FC	FC	TL+FC	FC
	HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS (HQLA)				
1	HIGH QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS			2.379.764	2.126.028
	CASH OUTFLOWS				
2	Retail and Small Business Funds Collected	158.070	45.555	15.003	4.555
3	Stable Funds Collected	16.080	-	804	-
4	Less stable Funds Collected	141.990	45.555	14.199	4.555
5	Unsecured Funding other than Retail and Small	1.178.972	673.570	656.475	427.962
6	Operational Funds Collected	-	-	-	-
7	Non-Operational Funds Collected	1.143.461	673.475	620.964	427.867
8	Other Unsecured Funding	35.511	95	35.511	95
9	Secured funding				
10	Other Cash Outflows	223.285	208.936	223.285	208.936
11	Liquidity needs related to derivatives and market valuation				
	changes on derivatives transactions	223.285	208.936	223.285	208.936
12	Debts related to the structured financial products	-	-	-	-
13	Commitment related to debts to financial markets and other				
	off balance sheet liabilities	-	-	-	-
14	Commitments that are unconditionally revocable at any time				
	by the Bank and other contractual commitments	-	-	-	-
15	Other irrevocable or conditionally revocable commitments	779.115	53.742	542.972	2.805
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS			1.437.735	644.258
	CASH INFLOWS				
17	Secured Lending Transactions	-	-	-	-
18	Unsecured Lending Transactions	2.984.261	169.393	2.905.506	153.316
19	Other contractual cash inflows	201.370	178.190	201.370	178.190
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	3.185.631	347.583	3.106.876	331.506
				Upper limit	applied
				amour	its
21	TOTAL HQLA			2.379.764	2.126.028
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS			359.434	312.752
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)			662,09	679,78

⁽¹⁾ Average of the last three months of liquidity coverage ratios calculated considering weekly simple arithmetic averages.

As per "Regulation on Liquidity Coverage Ratio Calculation" published in the Official Gazette numbered 28948, dated 21 March 2014, the dates on which the minimum and maximum liquidity coverage ratios have been calculated for the last three months are as follows:

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)	Current Period				
	TL+FC	FC			
Lowest	282,08	158,59			
Date	29 December 2019	23 December 2019			
Highest	1.148,45	3.790,71			
Date	16 November 2019	3 December 2019			
Average	731,37	1.235,42			

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

V. Explanations on consolidated liquidity risk (continued)

Liquidity coverage ratio (continued)

Liquidity coverage ratio is calculated by comparing the high quality liquid assets owned by the Parent Bank to net cash outflow in 30 days maturity. Balance sheet accounts that are significant on the ratio can be listed as reserve requirements maintained at CBRT, marketable securities that are not subject to repurchase agreements or not given as collateral, banks receivables, funds collected, funds borrowed. The effect of these accounts on the liquidity coverage ratio is higher than other accounts, since these accounts have a higher share in liquid assets and net cash outflows.

High quality liquid assets consist of cash, deposits in central banks and securities considered as high quality liquid assets. Reserve deposits are included in high quality liquid assets, limited by the amount that is allowed by central bank to use in liquidity shortages. The Parent Bank's high quality liquid assets are composed of 0,31% cash, 22,94% deposits in central banks and 76,75% securities considered as high quality liquid assets.

The Group's main funding sources are funds collected, funds borrowed, borrowings from money market and subordinated loans. Funding source composition in report date is 75,41% funds collected, 13,64% funds borrowed, borrowings from money market and subordinated loans and 10,95% other funding sources.

Presentation of assets and liabilities according to their remaining maturities

		Up to 1				Over 5		m
	Demand	month	1-3 months	3-12 months	1-5 years	years	Unallocated	Tota
Current Period Assets								
	784.075							784.075
Cash (cash in vault, foreign currency, money in transit, cheques purchased) and balances with the	784.075	-	-	-	-	-	-	/64.0/5
Central Bank of Republic of Turkey								
Banks	162.057							162.057
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit and	102.037	-	-	-	-	-	-	102.057
Loss				501.305	492.020	2.952		996.277
Money Market Placements	-	-	-	501.505	492.020	2.952	-	990.277
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other							7.659	7.659
Comprehensive Income	_	_	_	_	_	-	1.057	1.057
Loans		2.635.567	115.908	450.958	2.525.891	_	2.009	5.730.333
Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost	-	2.055.507	115.900	450.958	1.097.529		2.009	1.097.529
Other Assets ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	1.097.529	-	504.294	504.294
Ould Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	504.294	304.294
Total Assets	946.132	2.635.567	115.908	952.263	4.115.440	2.952	513.962	9.282.224
Liabilities		100 516	1.50.500					207.070
Current account and funds collected from banks via	-	133.546	153.533	-	-	-	-	287.079
participation accounts	501.005		0.05 61.6	101155				
Other current and profit sharing accounts	501.337	4.174.142	865.616	124.455	-	-	-	5.665.550
Funds provided from other financial institutions and					1 0 7 4 444			1056.000
subordinated loans	-	-	-	-	1.076.666	-	-	1.076.666
Funds borrowed	-	864.292	-	-	-	-	-	864.292
Money market borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Marketable securities issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other liabilities	-	2.334	-	-	-	-	1.386.303	1.388.637
Total liabilities	501.337	5.174.314	1.019.149	124.455	1.076.666	-	1.386.303	9.282.224
Liquidity Gap	444.795	(2.538.747)	(903.241)	827.808	3.038.774	2.952	(872.341)	-
Net Off-balance sheet Position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Derivative Assets	-	614.624	148.627	39.851	-	-	-	803.102
Financial Derivative Liabilities	-	614.624	148.627	39.851	-	-	-	803.102
Non-cash Loans	333.487	-	16.765	20.163	26.172	-	-	396.587
D' D'I								
Prior Period Total Assets	6	657,595					491 107	1.138.798
	6	057.595	-	-	-	-	481.197 1.138.798	1.138.798
Total Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.138.798	1.136./96
Liquidity Gap	6	657.595	-	-	-	-	(657.601)	•
Net Off-balance sheet Position					-		-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial Derivative Assets Financial Derivative Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

(1) Unallocated other assets column consist of assets held for sale, investment in associates, tangible and intangible assets, current and deferred tax assets and other assets.

(2) Unallocated other liabilities column consists of equity and provision balances.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VI. Explanations on Consoliated Leverage Ratio

	Current Period ^(**)
Total assets in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance	
with Turkish Accounting Standards ^(*)	8.311.639
The difference between total assets prepared in accordance with Turkish	
Accounting Standards and total assets in consolidated financial	
statements prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Preparation of	
Consolidated Financial Statements"	-
The difference between the amounts of derivative financial instruments	
and credit derivatives in consolidated financial statements prepared in	
accordance with the communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial	
Statements"	559.493
The difference between the amounts of securities or commodity financing	
transactions in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance	
with the communiqué	-
The difference between the amounts of off-balance items in consolidated	
financial statements prepared in accordance with the communiqué	
"Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk amounts of	
Other differences between the amounts in consolidated financial	-
statements prepared in accordance with the communiqué "Preparation of	
Consolidated Financial Statements" and risk amounts of such items	-
Total Risk Amount	8.974.466

^(*) Consolidated financial statements prepared in compliance with the paragraph 6 of article 5 of the communiqué "Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements".

(**) Represents average of the three months.

As of 31 December 2019, leverage ratio of the Group calculated from the arithmetic average of the last three months is 23,57%. Leverage ratio is required to remain minimum 3% as per "Communiqué on Measurement and Evaluation for Leverage Ratios of Banks".

warranties) 2 (Assets deducted 3 Total risk related	ssets sets (except for derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives, including from main capital) to balance sheet assets (1+2) incial instruments and credit derivatives	Period ⁽¹⁾ 8.310.979 52.968 8.258.011
 Balance sheet as warranties) (Assets deducted Total risk related 	sets (except for derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives, including from main capital) to balance sheet assets (1+2)	52.968
warranties) 2 (Assets deducted 3 Total risk related	from main capital) to balance sheet assets (1+2)	52.968
2 (Assets deducted3 Total risk related	to balance sheet assets (1+2)	52.968
3 Total risk related	to balance sheet assets (1+2)	
		8.258.011
Derivative fina	ncial instruments and credit derivatives	
4 Replacement co	t of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives	-
5 Potential credit	isk amount of derivative financial assets and credit derivatives	3.477
6 Total risk amou	t of derivative financial instruments and credit derivatives (4 +5)	3.477
Security or security	red financing transactions	
7 Risk amount of	ecurity or secured financing transactions (except balance sheet)	-
8 Risk amount du	to intermediated transactions	-
9 Total risk of sec	urity or secured financing transactions (7+8)	-
Off-balance she	et transactions	
10 Gross nominal a	mount of off-balance sheet transactions	712.994
11 (Adjustment an	ount resulting from multiplying by credit conversion rates)	-
¹² Total risk due to	off-balance sheet transactions (10+11)	712.994
Equity and tota	l risk	
13 Main capital		2.115.410
14 Total risk amou	ıt (3+6+9+12)	8.974.482
Leverage ratio		
15 Leverage ratio (6)	23,57

(1) Amounts in the table show quarterly averages.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VII. Explanations on Presentation of Consolidated Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value

a. Information regarding the fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The table below shows the book value and fair value of some financial assets and liabilities. Book value represents the sum of the acquisition cost of the related assets and liabilities and accumulated dividend accruals.

In the current and prior period, financial assets and liabilities are calculated according to the following principles:

The fair value of financial investments valued at amortized cost is determined based on the market price. As of 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018, fair value hierarchy of financial investments measured at amortized cost is determined as level 2.

The fair value of loans is calculated by finding discounted cash flows using market profit share rates.

Current accounts and participation accounts are valued by the year-end unit value, the book value is assumed to be close to the fair value.

The estimated fair value of the funds provided from other financial institutions is calculated by finding discounted cash flows using market profit share rates.

	Book V	Value	Fair Va	lue
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
inancial Assets				
Due from Interbank Money Market	-	-	-	
Banks	162.057	657.595	162.057	657.595
Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss	996.277	-	996.277	
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Othe	r			
Comprehensive Income	7.659	-	7.659	
Financial Assets Valued Over Amortized Cost	1.097.529	-	1.097.529	
Loans and financial lease receivables	5.730.333	-	5.773.891	
inancial Liabilities				
Funds collected from banks through current account	5			
and participation accounts	287.079	-	287.079	
Other current accounts and participation accounts	5.665.550	-	5.665.550	
Funds from other financial institutions	864.292	-	550.156	
Debts to Money Markets	-	-	-	
Other Liabilities	73.731	5.116	73.731	5.11

b. Information on fair value measurements recognized in the financial statements

According to TFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Explanations" Standard, the accounts recognized with the fair value in the balance sheet should be presented and classified sequentially in the related footnotes.

a. At level one, the financial instruments whose fair values are determined with the recorded prices in the active markets for the assets and liabilities with identical fair values,

- **b.** At level two, the financial instruments whose fair value is based on the directly or indirectly observable market indicators,
- **c.** At level three; the financial instruments whose fair value is not based on the directly or indirectly observable market indicators are considered.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VII. Explanations on Presentation of Consolidated Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value (continued)

b. Information on fair value measurements recognized in the financial statements (continued)

The financial instruments which are recognized with their fair values at the Parent Bank's balance sheet, are presented with respect to such basis of classification in the table below:

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
749.187	247.385	-	996.277
749.187	247.385	-	996.277
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	7.659	7.659
-	-	7.659	7.659
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	410	-	410
-	5.891	-	5.891
	749.187 749.187	749.187 247.385 749.187 247.385	749.187 247.385 - 749.187 247.385 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 7.659 - - - - -

(*)There is no classification made between the first and second levels in the current period.

Prior Period (*)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or (Loss)	-	-	-	-
Government Debt Securities	-	-	-	-
Share Certificates	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-
Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive				
Income	-	-	-	-
Equity Securities	-	-	-	-
Government Debt Securities	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-
Derivative Financial Assets	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities				
Derivative financial liabilities	-	-	-	-

(*)There is no classification made between the first and second levels in the prior period...

The table below shows the movement table of financial assets at level 3.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Amount at the beginning of the period	<u>-</u>	-
Purchases	7.659	-
Amortization/Sales	-	-
Valuation difference	-	-
Transfers	-	-
Balance at the End of the Period	7.659	-

VIII. Explanations Regarding the Activities Carried Out on Behalf and Account of Other Persons

The Group does not perform purchases, sales and custody services on behalf of its customers. The Group has no fiduciary transactions.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management

Notes and explanations in this section have been prepared in accordance with the Communiqué on Disclosures about Risk Management to be announced to Public by Banks, promulgated in the Official Gazette, No. 29511, dated 23 October 2015 and became effective as of 31 March 2016. Due to usage of standard approach for credit risk in the calculation of capital adequacy by the Parent Bank, tables required by Internal Rating Based approach ("IRB") are not presented.

a. Consolidated risk management strategy and weighted amounts

a.1. Explanations on risk management of the Parent Bank

The aim of the Parent Bank's Risk management system is basically to ensure identification, measurement, monitoring and controlling of risks exposed, through establishment of policies, implementation procedure and limits for monitoring, controlling and in case of need changing the risk/return structure of future cash flows, and accordingly nature and level of operations.

The Board of Directors has a responsibility of establishing and providing compatible, adequate and effective system on internal control, risk management and internal auditing as anticipated by the Banking Law for the purpose of monitoring and controlling risks emerging from operations.

The Board of Directors is responsible for establishing risk management policies and strategies. These policies are revised and evaluated periodically according to prevailing market conditions.

The general manager is responsible from ensuring that departments of the Parent Bank operate in accordance with the specified policies and strategies about risk management as determined by the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors of the Parent Bank takes an important part in the processes of risk management by following policies and strategies on consolidated and unconsolidated basis, setting up limit systems and procedures in the Parent Bank.

The related limits are monitored, reported and maintained within the set limits by the units under the internal systems and the related departments in the bank. Risk Management Department, organized within the frame of Risk Management regulations, undertakes activities for measuring, monitoring, controlling and reporting of risks.

Ultimate goal of the Parent Bank's risk management system is to allocate capital in accordance with risks that functional activities have (economical capital), to maximize return on capital adjusted according to risk and to increase added value created.

In Asset and Liability Committee, asset-liability structure is managed via evaluating fund collection activities in line with risk management policies and domestic and foreign conditions regarding the Parent Bank's fund lending.

The risks that the Parent Bank is exposed to or may be exposed to in the future are determined and the definition of these risks is made. Defined risks are measured and prioritized as far as possible. It is provided that all important risks are in the risk appetite considering the potential impact of the risks and the strategy arising from the Parent Bank's strategies to risk profile. The Parent Bank's strategies are integrated with risk profile and risk appetite. If it is expected that the risk profile is going to change in the future, this change is assessed with the degree of capital impact.

The Parent Bank's risk tolerance is the most comprehensive calculated risk amount which may be accepted in accordance with the determined mission and vision. In other words, before deciding on the necessity of taking measures, it is the Parent Bank's readiness to exposure of any risk amount. In this respect, the risk tolerance, in connection with the variety of services offered by the Parent Bank, is the level of risk it identifies as acceptable.

The common feature of the Parent Bank's risk appetite and risk tolerance is to drive the lines regarding risk acceptance. However, risk tolerance is more comprehensive. By means of "Risk Appetite Policy" approved by the board of directors, risk levels can be taken to implement risk strategies and to achieve the objectives of the Parent Banks' were identified. Limits, which are determined within the framework of risk profile of the bank in accordance with the bank's risk appetite and risk tolerance, and triggering functions, were described in detail.

Considering the Parent Bank's financial position, activity profile and the growth expectations of the future, the amount of capital needed for the strategic targets to be met have been calculated by the basis of static and dynamic stress tests and scenario analyses.

Considering the factors that may affect the bank operates market today and in the future, stress tests and scenario analysis studies on the financial structure of the bank have been assessed together with the other financial indicators; in this context, a coordination based on harmony was created between prepared capital plans and processes of the bank.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

a. Consolidated risk management strategy and weighted amounts (continued)

a.1. Explanations on risk management (continued)

Aiming to ensure capital allocation compatible with the risks of its functional operations and increase the capital yield set according to these risks to the maximum level, the Parent Bank evaluates risks by classifying them as market risks, liquidity risk, credit risk, operational risk, strategic risk and credibility risk.

Market Risk

The Group's market risk; refers to the probability of loss may be exposed to exchange rate risk, equity position risk, profit rate risk and commodity risk.

The Group measures its market risks by using the standard method in accordance with the provisions of the "Regulation on Measurement and Evaluation of Capital Adequacy of Banks".

Whether the market risk of our Group is in conformity with legal regulations and the determined limits is constantly monitored. Our foreign currency risk is discussed and evaluated at every Assets/Liabilities Committee meeting and Group's foreign currency strategy is based on holding this risk constant by holding to square foreign currency position (i.e. no short or long positions are taken).

Liquidity risk

The Group's liquidity risk, consists of funding related liquidity risk and market-related liquidity risk.

The liquidity risk is the situation whereby, as a result of any imbalances in the cash flows, there is a potential for not being able to meet the Participation Funds which have matured or other due liabilities in a timely manner due to shortage of liquid funds.

Market liquidity risk is an expression of the likelihood of the bank's suffering a loss because the bank is unable to close or cover a particular position at the market price owing to insufficient market depth or to excessive market volatility.

Liquidity risk could be caused by such factors as maturity mismatch, deterioration in the quality of assets, unexpected funding outflows, erosion in profitability levels and economic crisis.

In order to manage liquidity risk, the Group monitors the cash flows on a daily basis and takes preventive and improving measures taken so that commitments are met duly in time. The Liquidity risk is also evaluated by ALCO on a weekly basis.

The Group applies a policy whereby liquid assets are kept in sufficient volumes and qualities in consideration of the minimum liquidity coverage ratios determined by the related regulations and the liquidity experiences of the past in order to meet any liquidity requirement that could arise with unexpected volatilities in the markets.

Credit risk

Credit risk is defined as the probability of losses to the Bank due to customers failing to partially or completely pay their commitments to the Bank in a timely manner, in violation of the provisions of their credit contracts. This risk also contains any losses in the market value of the customers due to any deterioration in the financial position of the customer. The definition of credit risk is includes not just the portfolios within the balance sheet, but also those kept off balance sheet.

The authority to approve credits belongs to the Board of Directors at the Parent Bank. The Board of Directors determines the policies concerning the utilization, approval, risk management of the credits and other related management principles. It then ensures the implementation and supervision of these policies, taking required measures when necessary. The Board of Directors has transferred some of its authority in approving credit lines to the Credit Committee and General Management within the framework of the procedures and principles determined by the legal provisions. The General Management uses that authority to utilize credits by means of the credit departments and Bank branches. At the Parent Bank, credit allocations are realized within those limits that are determined on the basis of each debtor and group of debtors.

It is systematically not possible for customers to exceed the predetermined and approved limit. Close attention is paid to prevent any sector concentration that might impair the health of the credit portfolio. Utmost care is given to the prevention of risks concentrating on a small number of customers. Credit risks are constantly monitored and reported by the internal systems units and risk management bodies. Credit risks are ensured to be in conformity to "Regulation on Credit Policies and Implementation Procedures".

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

a. Consolidated risk management strategy and weighted amounts (continued)

a.1. Explanations on risk management (continued)

Operational risk

Operational risk is a risk of loss caused by insufficient or unsuccessful internal processes, by persons and systems or external events, wherein the legal risks and compliance risks are included while the strategic (making wrong decisions at the wrong time) and reputational risk are excluded.

Operational risk is a type of risk present in all activities of the Group. It could arise from errors of the staff or the system, from such transactions as may have been made based on insufficient or incorrect legal information or documents, due to impediments in the flow of information between the divisions in the organizational structure of the Bank, due to uncertainties in the definition of limits of authorities or from structural and/or operational changes, natural disasters, terror and frauds.

The Group classifies operational risks into five groups according to their sources: staff risks, technological risks, organizational risks, legal and compliance risks and external risks.

The Group also takes required measures to maintain operational risks at acceptable levels.

Other risks

The other risks that the Group could encounter include strategic and reputational risk, counterparty credit risk, country risk, and concentration risk.

For the management of strategic risk, the Parent Bank keeps a close watch on the domestic and international situation, on technological, financial, and social developments, on the legal and regulatory frameworks, and on the banking industry as a whole in order to make rational decisions and to change them as circumstances warrant.

The Parent Bank regards reputational risk as anything that might lead to the Parent Bank's suffering a loss on account of adverse developments such as a reduction in the confidence that is had in it or any impairment in its good standing due to unfavorable opinions that existing or potential customers, shareholders, competitors, regulatory agencies, or other outside or associated parties may have about it or due to any breach of existing laws and regulations.For the risk of reputation to be avoided and/or controlled by the Parent Bank's Risk Management System, a proactive communication mechanism that gives the customer priority is established any time a condition that could detriment the Parent Bank's reputation or image is detected.

In addition, the Parent Bank's operations in accordance with the principles of participation banking are also considered as a component of the bank's specific reputation risk management.

Counterparty credit risk is an expression of the likelihood that the counterparty in any transaction that imposes an obligation on two parties will default on the obligation before the final payment in the transaction's cash flow sequence. The Parent Bank manages its counterparty credit risk exposure as required by laws and regulations, taking best practices into consideration, and compatibly with the volume, nature, and complexity of its operations.

Country risk is an expression of the likelihood that the bank will suffer a loss because debtors in another country fail to fulfill or avoid fulfilling their obligations owing to uncertainties in the economic, social, and/or political conditions of that country. The Parent Bank enters into business relationships with foreign financial institutions and/or the agencies of foreign countries taking legal and regulatory restrictions, market conditions, and customer satisfaction into consideration and on the basis of feasibility studies that take the country's economic conditions into account.

Concentration risk is defined as the likelihood that a single risk or several risks that have some attribute in common may, if realized, cause losses that are capable of endangering the bank itself or its ability to carry out its essential activities. Policies aimed at managing concentration risk are formulated so as to deal with particular aspects of it such as sectoral concentration, collateral concentration, market risk concentration, types of loss concentration, and creditor concentration.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

a.2. Overview of risk-weighted assets

				Minimum capital
		Risk Weighte		requirement
		Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period
1	Credit risk (excluding counterparty credit risk)	3.069.221	403.166	245.538
2	Standard approach	3.069.221	403.166	245.538
3	Internal rating-based (IRB) approach	-	-	-
4	Counterparty credit risk	738	-	59
5	Standard approach for counterparty credit risk	738	-	59
6	Internal model method	-	-	-
7	Basic risk weight approach to internal models equity			
	position in the banking account	-	-	-
8	Investments made in collective investment companies			
	–look-through approach	-	-	-
9	Investments made in collective investment companies-			
	mandate-based approach	-	-	-
10	Investments made in collective investment companies -			
	1250% weighted risk approach	-	-	-
11	Settlement risk	-	-	-
12	Securitization positions in banking accounts	-	-	-
13	IRB ratings based approach (RBA)	-	-	-
14	IRB Supervisory Formula Approach (SFA)	-	-	-
15	SA/Simplified supervisory formula approach (SSFA)	-	-	-
16	Market risk	338.368	115	27.069
17	Standard approach	338.368	115	27.069
18	Internal model approaches	_	_	_
19	Operational risk	-	-	-
20	Basic indicator approach	-	-	-
21	Standard approach	-	-	-
22	Advanced measurement approach	-	-	-
23	The amount of the discount threshold under the equity			
	(subject to a 250% risk weight)	-	-	-
24	Floor adjustment	-	-	-
25	Total (1+4+7+8+9+10+11+12+16+19+23+24)	3.408.327	403.281	272.666

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

b. Financial statements and regulatory exposures reconciliation

b.1. Differences and matching between accounting-related consolidation and legal consolidation:

	Carrrying	Carrying value	ues of items in acc	cordance with Tur	kish Accounting	standards (TAS)
Current Period	value reported in financial tables in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS)	Subject to credit risk	Subject to counterparty credit risk	Securitization positions	Subject to market risk (*)	Not subject to capital requirements or deducted from capital
Assets						
Cash and balances at central bank	946.132	946.132	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair	006055				006000	
value through profit/loss	996.277	-	-	-	996.277	-
Financial assets measured at fair						
value through other	5 (50)					
Comprehensive income	7.659	7.659	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at						
amortised cost	1.097.529	1.097.529	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial assets	410	-	410	-	-	-
Non-performing assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Expected Credit Losses (-)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans (Net)	5.730.333	5.730.333	-	-	-	-
Loans	5.730.333	5.730.333	-	-	-	-
Lease Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Factoring Receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-performing Receivables	188.322	188.322	-	-	-	-
Expected Credit Losses (-)	188.322	188.322	-	-	-	-
Assets held for sale and assets of						
discounted operations (Net)	35.200	35.200	-	-	-	-
Ownership investment	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tangible assets (Net)	101.710	101.710	-	-	-	-
Intangible assets (Net)	39.802	39.802	-	-	-	-
Investment property (Net)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current tax assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax assets	102.414	102.414	-	-	-	-
Other assets	224.758	162.090	-	-	-	62.668
Total Assets	9.282.224	8.222.869	410	-	996.277	62.668
Liabilities						
Funds collected	5.952.629	-	-	-	-	-
Funds borrowed	864.292	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings from Money markets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities issued (Net)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities at fair value						
through profit and loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities	5.891	5.891	-	-	-	-
Lease Payables	30.567	-	-	-	-	-
Provisions Current tax liability	98.577 10.698	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred tax liability	10.098	-	-	-	-	-
Liabilities for assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	-	-
and assets of discontinued						
operations (Net)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated loans	1.076.666	-	-	-	-	-
Other liabilities	73.731	-	-	-	-	-
Shareholders' equity	1.169.173	-	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	9.282.224	5.891	-	-	-	-

(*) Represents the valued amounts of items subject to general market risk and specific risk according to Turkish Accounting Standards.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

b. Financial statements and regulatory exposures reconciliation (continued)

b.2. Main reasons of the differences between the risk amounts and Carrrying Value in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS)

			Subject to	Securitisation	Subject to counterpart	Subject to
	Current Period	Total	credit risk	positions	y credit risk	market risk ^(*)
1	Carrying value of assets within the scope of legal consolidation in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard (as in	0.000.004	0.005.527		410	006 277
2	template B1) Carrrying value of liabilities within the scope of legal consolidation in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standard (as in	9.282.224	8.285.537	-	410	996.277
	template B1)	-	-	-	5.891	-
3	Total net amount within the scope of legal consolidation	9.282.224	8.285.537	-	5.481	996.277
4	Off balance sheet amounts	1.277.297	214.400	-	4.200	419.949
5	Repo and similar transactions (**)	-	-	-	-	-
6	Differences in valuations	-	-	-	-	-
7	Differences arising from different netting rules (other than those set out in line 2)	-	-	-	-	-
8	Differences arising from consideration of provisions	-	-	-	-	-
9	Differences arising from BRSA's applications	-	-	-	-	-
10	Risk amounts	10.559.521	8.499.937	-	1.281	1.416.226

(*) Represents the valued amounts of items subject to general market risk and specific risk according to Turkish Accounting Standards.

(**) In accordance with "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks", it is counterparty credit risk amount calculated for repurchase agreements and similar transactions.

b.3. Explanations on differences between carrying values in accordance with Turkish Accounting Standards (TAS) and risk amounts

There is no significant difference between the financial statement amounts of assets and liabilities and the amounts included in capital adequacy calculation.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

c. Credit risk

c.1. General information on credit risk

c.1.1. General qualitative information on credit risk

This information is already included in (II). Explanations on Credit Risk and (X.a.I) The Parent Bank's risk management approach.

c.1.2. Credit quality of assets

Current Period		Gross carrying value in prepared in accordance with	Allowances/ amortisation and		
		Defaulted	Non-defaulted	impairments	Net values
1	Loans	188.322	5.730.333	188.322	5.730.333
2	Debt securities	-	-	-	-
3	Off-balance sheet exposures	-	426.723	-	426.723
4	Total	188.322	6.157.056	188.322	6.157.056

Prior Period		Gross carrying value in prepared in accordance with	Allowances/ amortisation and		
		Defaulted	Non-defaulted	impairments	Net values
1 Loa	ns	188.343	-	188.343	-
2 Deb	t securities	-	-	-	-
3 Off-	balance sheet	-	-	-	-
expo	osures				
4 Tota	al	188.343	-	188.343	-

c.1.3. Changes in stock of default loans and debt securities

	Current Period	Prior Period
1 Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the previous reporting period	188.343	1.303.781
2 Loans and debt securities that have defaulted since the last reporting period	-	-
3 Receivables back to non-defaulted status	-	-
4 Amounts written off	-	(1.161.838)
5 Other changes	(21)	46.400
6 Defaulted loans and debt securities at end of the reporting period (1+2-3-4-	±5) 188.322	188.343

c.1.4. Additional information on credit quality of assets

The scope and definitions of past due receivables and the methods used by the Parent Bank to determine the provisions are mentioned in the Explanations on Credit risk.

The Parent Bank may restructure not only non-performing credits but also the first and the second stage credits. Restructuring for the first and the second stage credits are made to improve the customer's ability to repay the credit or for changes in contractual terms upon the customer request regardless of the customer's credit risk. Restructuring for non-performing credits are made for providing collection possibility by establishing a new payment plan.

Breakdowns for receivables in terms of sectors are mentioned in the footnote numbered VIII (Explanations on Credit Risk). Breakdowns according to the remaining maturity for past due receivables and in terms of geographic locations receivables that specific provisions are set are represented below.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

c.1.4. Additional information on credit quality of assets (continued)

Aging analysis for past due receivables

None (31 December 2018: None).

Receivables that provisions are set in terms of geographical region

Current Period	Non-performing Loans ^(*)	Specific Provision ^(*)
Domestic	188.322	188.322
Off-shore Banking Countries	-	-
Other Countries	-	-
General Total	188.322	188.322

(*)Represents amounts for cash loans.

Prior Period	Non-performing Loans ^(*)	Specific Provision ^(*)
Domestic	188.343	188.343
Off-shore Banking Countries	-	-
Other Countries	-	-
General Total	188.343	188.343

(*)Represents amounts for cash loans.

c.2. Credit risk mitigation

c.2.1. Qualitative disclosure on credit risk mitigation techniques

On and off balance sheet offsetting agreements are not utilized.

The risk mitigators that are used in credit process in compliance with Communiqué "The Risk Mitigation Techniques" which is published at September 6, 2014 are stated below.

a) Financial Collaterals (Government Securities, Cash, Deposit or Participation Fund Pledge, Gold, Stock Pledge)

b) Guarantees

The credibility of guarantors is monitored and evaluated within the framework of credit revision periods.

Collaterals obtained by the Parent Bank are reviewed and appraised in accordance with related legislation as long as the credit relationship is outstanding.

If there are indicators on significant decreases of real estate's value in comparison to general market prices, the real estate's valuation is performed by the authorised valuation corporations authorised by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency or Capital Markets Board of Turkey.

The Parent Bank monitors other banks' guarantees that are evaluated as risk mitigators within the framework of BRSA regulations on a regular basis and reviews the credibility of banks periodically.

The volatility in real estate market is monitored closely by the Parent Bank and the market fluctuations are considered in credit activities.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

c. Credit risk

c.2.2. Credit risk mitigation techniques

	Current Period	Exposures unsecured: carrying amount as per TAS	Exposures secured by collateral	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by collatera	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit derivatives
1	Loans	5.609.842	120.491	10.372	-	-	-	-
2	Debt							
	securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Total	5.609.842	120.491	10.372	-	-	-	-
4	Of which							
	defaulted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

	Prior Period	Exposures unsecured: carrying amount as per TAS	Exposures secured by collateral	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by collatera	Exposures secured by financial guarantees	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by financial guarantees	Exposures secured by credit derivatives	Collateralized amount of exposures secured by credit derivatives
1	Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Debt							
	securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Of which							
	defaulted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

c.3. Credit risk under standardised approach

c.3.1. Qualitative disclosures on banks' use of external credit ratings under the standardised approach for credit risk

Explanations on rating grades that the banks use for calculation of credit risk by the standardised approach are mentioned in the footnote numbered (IX) for Explanations on Credit Risk.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

c. Credit risk

c.3.2. Credit risk exposure and credit risk mitigation techniques

	Current Period	-	e Credit Conversion	Credit Risk Mitigatio	-	Risk Weighted Average and Risk Weighted Average Density		
			edit Risk Mitigation		Conversion Rate			
		On-balance sheet	Off-balance sheet	On-balance sheet	Off-balance			
	Risk classes	amount	amount	amount	sheet amount	RWA	RWA density	
1	Receivables from central governments or central banks	1.864.099	-	1.864.099	-	548.800	29,44%	
2	Receivables from regional or local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3	Receivables from administrative units and non-							
	commercial enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	
4	Receivables from multilateral development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	
5	Receivables from international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	
6	Receivables from banks and brokerage houses	1.832.926	-	1.832.926	-	421.188	22,98%	
7	Receivables from corporates	1.499.162	414.590	1.499.162	205.759	1.704.920	100,00%	
8	Retail receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9	Receivables secured by mortgages on property	21.400	-	21.400	-	7.490	35,00%	
10	Receivables secured by mortgages on commercial	93.485	17.332	93.485	8.641	51.064	50,00%	
	property							
11	Past due receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	
12	Receivables defined in high risk category by BRSA	-	-	-	-	-	-	
13	Securities collateralized by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	
14	Short-term receivables from banks, brokerage houses							
	and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	
15	Investments similar to collective investment funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	
16	Other receivables	529.048	-	529.048	-	346.509	65,49%	
17	Equity share investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	
18	Total	5.840.120	431.922	5.840.120	214.400	3.079.971	50,87%	

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

c. Credit risk

c.3.3. Exposures by asset classes and risk weights

	Current Period											Total risk
					35% secured by							amount (post-
	Risk Classes/Risk Weighted	0%	10%	20%	Property mortgage	50%	75%	100%	150%	200%	Others	CCF and CRM)
1	Receivables from central											
	governments or central banks	766.499	-	-	-	1.097.600	-	-	-	-	-	1.864.099
2	Receivables from regional or local											
	governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Receivables from administrative											
	units and non-commercial											
	enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Receivables from multilateral											
	development banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Receivables from international											
	organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Receivables from banks and											
	brokerage houses	-	-	1.650.917	-	182.009	-	-	-	-	-	1.832.926
7	Receivables from corporates	9.971	-	70	-	-	-	1.694.879	-	-	-	1.704.920
8	Retail receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Receivables secured by mortgages											
	on property	-	-	-	21.400	-	-	-	-	-	-	21.400
10	Receivables secured by mortgages											
	on commercial property	-	-	-	-	102.127	-	-	-	-	-	102.127
11	Past due receivables	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_
12	Receivables defined in high risk											
	category by BRSA	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Securities collateralized by											
	mortgages	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	-
14	Short-term receivables from banks,											
	brokerage houses and corporates	_	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	-
15	Investments similar to collective											
	investment funds	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Other receivables	182.586	-	_	_		-	346.509	_		_	529.048
17	Equity share investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
18	Total	959.056		1.650.987	21.400	1.381.736	-	2.041.388				6.054.520
10	1.0001	939.030	-	1.030.307	21.400	1.301./30	-	2.041.300	-	-	-	0.034.520

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

d. Counterparty credit risk

d.1. Qualitative disclosure on counterparty credit risk

Derivatives and repurchase transactions in the calculation of counterparty credit risk are calculated according to the fair value in accordance with "Appendix-2 of Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks" published in the Official Gazette dated October 23, 2015 and numbered 29511. The sum of potential future exposures and positive replacement costs is taken in the calculation of the risk amount related to derivative transactions.

The Group prepared "Charter on the Counterparty Credit Risk Management Policy and Implementation Procedures" in order to determine the basic principles that manage the counterparty credit risk and this regulation was approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors periodically reviews and assesses the related policy.

d.2. Counterparty credit risk (CCR) approach analysis

	Current Period	Replacement cost	Potential Future exposure	EEPE ^(*)	Alpha used for computing regulatory exposure at default	EAD post- CRM	RWA
1	Standardised Approach - CCR (for		1 510			1.510	500
2	derivatives) Internal Model Method (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing	-	1.519		-	1.519	739
3	transactions) Simple Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and			-	-	-	-
4	securities financing transactions) Comprehensive Approach for credit risk mitigation (for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions)					-	-
5	Value-at-Risk (VaR) for repo transactions, securities or commodity lending or borrowing transactions, long settlement transactions and securities financing transactions					_	_
6	Total						739

(*)Effective Expected Positive Exposure

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

d.3. Capital requirement for credit valuation adjustment (CVA)

		Current Period	1	Prior Period			
		EAD post-CRM	RWA	EAD post-CRM	RWA		
	Total portfolios subject to the Advanced CVA capital						
	obligation	-	-	-	-		
1	(i) VaR component (including the 3×multiplier)		-		-		
2	(ii) Stressed VaR component (including the						
	3×multiplier)		-		-		
3	All portfolios subject to the Standardised CVA						
	capital obligation	4.200	63	-	-		
4	Total subject to the CVA capital obligation	4.200	63	-	-		

d.4. CCR exposures by risk class and risk weights

Current Period

Risk Weighted									Total credit
Risk Classes	0%	10%	20%	50%	75%	100%	150%	Other	exposure(*)
Receivables from central governments or central									
banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from regional or local governments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from administrative units and non-									
commercial enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from multilateral development									
banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from international organizations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables from banks and brokerage houses	-	-	193	1.251	-	-	-	-	1.444
Receivables from corporates	-	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	75
Retail receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables secured by mortgages on property	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Past due receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receivables defined in high risk category by									
BRSA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securities collateralized by mortgages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Securitisation positions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term receivables from banks, brokerage									
houses and corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments similar to collective investment									
funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity share investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets		-	-	-				-	-
Total	-	-	193	1.251	-	75	-	-	1.519

(*)Total credit risk respresents the amount relating to CAR calculation after application of counterparty risk measurement techniques.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

d. Counterparty credit risk (continued)

d.5. Collaterals for CCR

None (31 December 2018:None).

d.6. Information on the risks of the Bank arising from purchased or sold credit derivatives

None (31 December 2018:None).

d.7. Information on risks of the Bank arising from central counterparty

None (31 December 2018:None).

e. Information to be announced to public on Securitization

None (31 December 2018:None).

f. Market risk

f.1. Qualitative disclosure on market risk

The Parent Bank measures market risk by using the standard method in accordance with "Regulation on the Measurement and Assessment of the Capital Adequacy of Banks" dated October 23, 2015 and numbered 29511 and allocates legal capital on this basis. On the other hand, the market risk is also calculated by using the internal model for testing (Value at Risk) and the results found are supported by considering backtesting results. The market risk value (Value at Risk) calculated by using the internal model is calculated on a daily basis by using Variance-Covariance, EWMA, Monte Carlo and Historical Simulation methods and is reported to the top management.

The Board of Directors sets limits for these risks by considering the main risks and revises these limits periodically in line with market conditions and the Parent Bank's strategies. In addition, the Board of Directors ensures that the risk management unit and senior management take all necessary measures to identify, measure, prioritize, and reduce at an acceptable level and to manage the various risks that the Parent Bank is exposed to.

Risks that positions held by the Parent Bank under on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet accounts may occur due to fluctuations in financial markets are measured. Information about the market risk considered in the calculation of legal capital as follows.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IX. Explanations on consolidated risk management (continued)

g. Market risk (continued)

g.2. Market risk under standardised approach

	Current Period	Prior Period
	RWA	RWA
utright products		
Profit rate risk (general and specific)	14.065	-
Equity risk (general and specific)	-	-
Foreign exchange risk	12.997	115
Commodity risk	7	-
ptions		
Simplified approach	-	-
Delta-plus method	-	-
Scenario approach	-	-
Securitisation	-	-
otal	27.069	115
E	Profit rate risk (general and specific) Equity risk (general and specific) Foreign exchange risk Commodity risk Ditions Simplified approach Delta-plus method Scenario approach Securitisation	RWAItright productsProfit rate risk (general and specific)Equity risk (general and specific)Foreign exchange risk12.997Commodity riskOtionsSimplified approachDelta-plus methodScenario approachSecuritisation

h. Operational risk

Capital requirement for operational risk is calculated annually by using the Basic Indicator Method in accordance with Article 24 of the Regulation on the Measurement and Assessment of Capital Adequacy of Banks.

				Total number of years for which gross income is		
	2 PP Value	1 PP Value	CP Value	positive	Rate (%)	Total
Gross Income	-	-	272.916	272.916	15%	40.937
Amount subject to Operational Risk (Total*12,5)						511.718

1. Qualitative disclosure on profit rate risk arising from banking books

1.1. Important assumptions including the nature of profit rate risk arising from banking books and the early repayment of loans and movements in deposits other than time deposits with measurement frequency of the profit rate risk

Profit rate risk arising from banking books measures profit rate risk arising from on-balance sheet and offbalance sheet positions in the Parent Bank's banking books by standard shock method.

The Parent Bank calculates and measures legal ratio for profit rate risk arising from banking books on a monthly basis in accordance with "Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Interest Rate Risk arising from Banking Books by Standard Shock Method" that have been published in Official Gazette numbered 28034 and dated August 23, 2011.

1.2. Economic value differences arising from profit rate fluctuations in accordance with Regulation on Measurement and Assessment of Profit Rate Risk arising from Banking Books by Standard Shock Method

Applied Shock (+/-x basis						
Currency	point)	Gains/ (Losses)	Gains/Equity (Losses/Equity) (%)			
TL	(+) 500bp	(12.190)	(0,56)			
TL	(-) 400bp	10.691	0,49			
USD Dollars	(+) 200bp	(5.966)	(0,28)			
USD Dollars	(-) 200bp	6.383	0,29			
EUR	(+) 200bp	(62.979)	(2,91)			
EUR	(-) 200bp	67.554	3,12			
Total (For Negative Shocks)	-	(81.135)	(3,74)			
Total (For Positive Shocks)	-	84.628	3,90			

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

X. Explanations on Consolidated Operating Segments

The Group has operations in retail banking, corporate and entrepreneurial banking, specialized banking, investment banking and international banking areas.

		Corporate and Commercial			
Current Period	Retail banking	Banking	Treasury	Unallocated	Total
Operating income	31	129.019	329.725	28.959	487.734
Operating expense	5.708	247.378	36.251	152.294	441.631
Profit before tax	(5.677)	(118.359)	293.474	(123.335)	46.103
Tax provision	-	-	-	1.124	1.124
Net profit/loss	(5.677)	(118.359)	293.474	(124.459)	44.979
Total assets Total liabilities	932 291.278	3.155.789 5.661.350	5.621.619 1.946.849	503.884 1.382.747	9.282.224 9.282.224

The Parent Bank received permission to operate in accordance with the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency's dated 26 February 2019 and numbered 8262 decision which published in dated 27 February 2019 and numbered 30699 Official Gazette and started operations as of 21 March 2019. As a consequence of the Parent Bank started Banking operations as of 21 March 2019, no explanations related to the operation segments for the previous period were presented.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

SECTION FIVE

Explanations and notes on the consolidated financial statements

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets

1. a. Cash and balances with the Central Bank of Republic of Turkey (CBRT)

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Cash/Foreign currency	2.319	12.301	6	-
CBRT	73.274	693.296	-	-
Other	-	2.885	-	-
Total	75.593	708.482	6	-

b. Information related to CBRT

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Unrestricted demand deposit	71.974	71	-	-
Unrestricted time deposit	-	-	-	-
Restricted time deposit	-	-	-	-
Reserve requirements	1.300	693.225	-	-
Total	73.274	693.296	-	-

In accordance with the "Communiqué Regarding the Reserve Requirements numbered 2005/1", banks operating in Turkey are required to maintain reserves in CBRT for TL and foreign currency liabilities. According to the Communiqué Regarding the Reserve Requirements, reserve requirements can be maintained in TL, USD and/or EURO and standard gold.

As of 31 December 2019, the compulsory rates for the reserve deposits at the Central Bank of Turkey for Turkish Lira are implemented within an interval from 1% to 7% depending on maturity of deposits and the compulsory rates for the foreign currency liabilities are within an interval from 5% to 21% depending on maturity of deposits.

2. a. Information about banks

	Current	Current period		riod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks				
Domestic	248	151.830	655.638	1.957
Foreign	-	9.979	-	-
Foreign head Office and branches	-	-	-	-
Total	248	161.809	655.638	1.957

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued)

b. **Information on Foreign Bank Accounts**

	Unrestricte	Unrestricted Amount		l Amount
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
European Union Countries	9.979	-	-	-
USA, Canada	-	-	-	-
OECD Countries (*)	-	-	-	-
Off-shore Banking Regions	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Fotal	9.979	-	-	-

(*) OECD countries except EU countries, USA and Canada.

3. Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets subject to repurchase agreements and provided as collateral/blocked a.

As of 31 December 2019, there is not any amount subject to repurchase agreements in financial assets at fair value through profit and loss (31 December 2018: None).

As of 31 December 2019, there is not any amount subject to guaranteed/blocked (31 December 2018: None)

Information on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income b.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	996.572	-
Quoted on a stock exchange	749.187	-
Unquoted	247.385	-
Share certificates	-	-
Quoted on a stock exchange	-	-
Unquoted	-	-
Impairment provision (-)	(295)	-
Total	996.277	

4. Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Information on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income subject to repurchase a. transactions, given as a guarantee or blocked

As of 31 December 2019, there is not any amount subject to repurchase agreements (31 December 2018: None).

As of 31 December 2019, there is not any amount subject to guaranteed/blocked (31 December 2018: None).

Information on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income b. b.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Debt securities	-	-
Quoted in stock exchange	-	-
Not quoted in stock exchange	-	-
Share certificates	7.659	-
Quoted in stock exchange	-	-
Not quoted in stock exchange ^(*)	7.659	-
Impairment provision (-)	-	-
Total	7.659	-

Total

(*)Not quoted on a stock exchange includes Credit Guarantee fund amounting to TL 7.659.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued)

5. Information on derivative financial assets

Positive differences related to the derivative financial assets a.

	Current Pe	riod	Prior Per	iod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward Transactions	374	-	-	-
Swap Transactions	36	-	-	-
Futures Transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
tal	410	-	-	

Information on loans 6.

Information on all types of loans and advances given to shareholders and employees of the Group a. None (31 December 2018: None).

Information on standard loans and loans under close monitoring including restructured or rescheduled loans b.

		Loa	ns under close monitoring	Ţ	
Cash loans		Not under the scope o	f Restr	ructured	
Current period		restructuring or	Amendments to terms		
	Standard loans	rescheduling	or contracts	Refinancing	
Loans	5.730.333	-	-	-	
Export loans	-	-	-	-	
Import loans	8.323	-	-	-	
Business loans	2.814.882	-	-	-	
Consumer loans	932	-	-	-	
Credit cards	-	-	-	-	
Loans given to financial					
sector	2.573.610	-	-	-	
Other ^(*)	332.586	-	-	-	
Other receivables	-	-	-	-	
Total	5.730.333		-	-	

^(*)The details of other loans are as follows:

Commercial loans with installments	194.915
Other investment credits	135.660
Loans given to abroad	-
Profit and loss sharing investments	-
Loans for purchase of marketable securities for customer	-
Other	2.011
Total	332.586

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued)

6. Information on loans (continued)

b. Information on standard loans and loans under close monitoring including restructured or rescheduled loans (continued)

None (31 December 2018: None).

c. Maturity analysis of cash loans

		Loans Under Follow-	Up
Cash Loans Current Period	Standard Loans	Non-restructured	Restructured
Short term loans	3.204.442	<u>-</u>	-
Medium and long-term loans	2.525.891	-	-
Total	5.730.333	-	-

(31 December 2018: None).

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued)

6. Information on loans (continued)

d. Information on consumer loans, retail credit cards, loans given to personnel and personnel credit cards

Current Period	Me	dium and long-	
	Short-term	term	Tota
Consumer loans-TL		932	932
	-	932 451	
Housing loans	-		451
Vehicle loans	-	481	481
Consumer loans	-	-	
Other	-	-	•
Consumer loans-FC indexed	-	-	
Housing loans	-	-	
Vehicle loans	-	-	
Consumer loans	-	-	
Other	-	-	
Consumer loans-FC	-	-	
Housing loans	-	-	
Vehicle loans	-	-	
Consumer loans	-	-	
Other	-	-	
Retail credit cards-TL	-	-	
With installment	-	-	
Without installment	-	-	
Retail credit cards-FC	-	-	
With installment	-	-	
Without installment	-	-	
Personnel loans-TL	-	-	
Housing loans	-	-	
Vehicle loans	-	-	
Consumer loans	-	-	
Other	-	-	
Personnel loans-FC indexed	-	-	
Housing loans	_	-	
Vehicle loans	_	-	
Consumer loans	_	-	
Other	_	_	
Personnel loans-FC	-	-	
Housing loans		_	
Vehicle loans		_	
Consumer loans	_	_	
Other		_	
Personnel credit cards-TL	-	-	
With installment	-	-	
Without installment	-	-	
Personnel credit cards-FC	-	-	
	-	-	
With installment	-	-	
Without installment	-	-	
Overdraft account-TL (Real Person)	-	-	
Overdraft account-FC (Real Person)	-	-	
Total		932	932

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued)

6. Information on loans (continued)

e. Information on commercial loans with installments and corporate credit cards

Current Period	Short-term	Medium and long-term	Total
Commercial installment loans-TL	1.155	189.623	190.778
Business loans	-	-	-
Vehicle loans	1.155	67.283	68.438
Consumer loans	-	122.340	122.340
Other	-	-	-
Commercial installment loans-FC indexed	-	-	-
Business loans	-	-	-
Vehicle loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Commercial installment Loans-FC	-	4.137	4.137
Business loans	-	4.137	4.137
Vehicle loans	-	-	-
Consumer loans	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Corporate credit cards-FC	-	-	-
With installment	-	-	-
Without installment	-	-	-
Corporate credit cards-FC	-	-	-
With installment	-	-	-
Without installment	-	-	-
Overdraft account-TL (Legal Entity)	-	-	-
Overdraft account-FC (Legal Entity)	-	-	-
Total	1.155	193.760	194.915

31 December 2018: None.

f. Allocation of loans by customers

	Current Period	Prior Period
Public	2.794.733	-
Private	2.935.600	-
Total	5.730.333	-

g. Breakdown of domestic and foreign loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Domestic loans	5.706.996	-
Foreign loans	23.337	-
Total	5.730.333	-

h. Loans granted to subsidiaries and associates

None (31 December 2018: None).

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued)

6. Information on loans (continued)

1. Specific provisions for loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Loans with limited collectability	-	-
Loans with doubtful collectability	-	-
Uncollectible loans	188.322	188.343
Total	188.322	188.343

j. Information on non-performing loans (net)

j.1 Non-performing loans and receivables which are restructured or rescheduled

None (31 December 2018: None).

j.2. Movements of total non-performing loans

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
Current Period	Loans with limited collectability	Loans with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans
Closing balance of prior period			188.343
Additions in the current period (+)		-	90
Transfers from other categories of non-performing	-	-	90
loans (+)	-	-	-
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans			
(-)	-	-	-
Collections in the current period (-)	-	-	111
Exchange rate valuation	-	-	-
Write offs (-)	-	-	-
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	-
Credit cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Closing balance of the current period	-	-	188.322
Provisions (-)	-	-	188.322
Net balance at the balance sheet	-	-	-

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
Prior Period	Loans with limited collectability	Loans with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible loans
Closing balance of prior period	-		1.303.781
Additions in the current period (+)	-	-	1.505.781
	-	-	10.075
Transfers from other categories of non-performing			
loans (+)	-	-	-
Transfers to other categories of non-performing loans			
(-)	-	-	-
Collections in the current period (-)	-	-	(18.711)
Exchange rate valuation	-	-	55.036
Write offs (-)	-	-	(1.161.838)
Corporate and commercial loans	-	-	-
Retail loans	-	-	(220)
Credit cards	-	-	-
Other	-	-	(1.161.618)
Closing balance of the current period	-	-	188.343
Provisions (-)	-	-	188.343
Net balance at the balance sheet	-	-	-

⁽¹⁾ The Group makes provisions for the entire non-performing loan portfolio, and has sold from its non performing loan portfolio amounting to TL 1.161.838 to Birleşim Varlık Yönetimi A.Ş (Asset Management Company) for TL 7.700.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued)

6. Information on loans (continued)

j.3. Non-performing loans in foreign currencies

None (31 December 2018: None).

j.4. Gross and net amounts of non-performing loans according to user groups

	Group III	Group IV	Group V
	Loans with limited collectability	Loans with doubtful collectability	Uncollectible Loans
Current period (net)	-	-	-
Loans to individuals and corporates (gross)	-	-	188.322
Provision (-)	-	-	188.322
Loans to individuals and corporates (net)	-	-	-
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks(Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (gross)	-	-	-
Provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans (net)	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Prior period (net)	-	-	-
Loans to individuals and corporates (gross)	-	-	188.343
Specific provision (-)	-	-	188.343
Loans to individuals and corporates (net)	-	-	-
Banks (Gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Banks (Net)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (gross)	-	-	-
Specific provision (-)	-	-	-
Other loans and receivables (net)	-	-	-

k. Liquidation policy for uncollectible loans and other receivables

The Parent Bank initiates a legal process for the collection of receivables arising from credit transactions, on the one hand, for the collection of receivables against the debtors, while the transactions for the conversion of the collaterals of the receivables and other goods and rights determined during the legal proceedings are carried out, while at the same time, activities related to the liquidation of debt and debt are carried out.

I. Information on write-off policies

None.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued)

7. Explanations on financial assets measured at amortised cost

a. Information on related to government securities measured at amortised cost

1.097.529	-
-	-
1.097.529	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
	1.097.529

Total 1.097.529 -

b. Information related to financial assets measured at amortised cost

	Current Period	Prior Period
Government Bonds	_	-
Treasury Bills	-	-
Other Government Securities ^(*)	1.097.529	-
Total	1.097.529	-

(*) The Parent Bank has calculated the fair value of the debt stock within the scope of TFRS 9 and TFRS 13, using the prices of similar financial assets at the date of the balance sheet and calculated the fair value.

c. Movements of the government securities measured at amortised cost

	Current Period	Prior Period
Balance at beginning of period	-	-
Foreign currency differences on monetary assets	39.497	-
Purchases during period ^(*)	1.058.032	-
Disposals through sales and redemptions	-	-
Impairment provision (-)	-	-
Closing balance	1.097.529	

(*) Accruals are shown in "Purchases during period" line.

8. Explanations on consolidated lease receivables (net)

a. Presentation of remaining maturities of funds lent under finance lease method

None (31 December 2018: None).

b. Information on net investments through finance lease

None (31 December 2018: None).

c. General explanation on finance lease contracts

None (31 December 2018: None).

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued)

9. Information on assets held for sale and assets of discontinued operations

Assets held for sale consist of tangible assets which have been acquired due to non-performing loans.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Opening balance	36.722	22.679
Additions	-	14.043
Disposals	(1.522)	-
Transfers	-	-
Impairment provision(-)/Reversal of impairment provision	-	-
Closing balance	35.200	36.722

10. Information on associates

a.1 Information on unconsolidated associates

As of 31 December 2019, the Parent Bank does not have any consolidated associates (31 December 2018: None).

a.2 Information on consolidated associates

As of 31 December 2019, the Parent Bank does not have any consolidated associates (31 December 2018: None).

11. Information on subsidiaries (net)

a.1 Information on unconsolidated subsidiaries

Emlak Menkul Değerler A.Ş., which is owned by the Parent Bank by 50%, has been reported to be bankrupt in the Audit Report prepared by Court of Account dated 31 October 2018. Emlak Menkul Değerler A.Ş. has not been consolidated as of 30 September 2019 and 31 December 2018.

a.2 Information on consolidated subsidiaries

Emlak Varlık Kiralama A.Ş was established and registered to the trade registry in 5 August 2019 with the permission taken from "Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency" and "Capital Markets Board of Turkey". Emlak Varlık Kiralama A.Ş has been founded to operate lease certificate according to rulings of Capital Markets Board of Turkey which was dated 7 June 2013 and numbered 28760 serial: 3 no: 61.1 published in Official Gazette. Emlak Varlık Kiralama A.Ş. was established and began to operate on 5 August 2019 with TL 50 capital amount paid by the Parent Bank.

Name		Address (City/Cour	ntry)	Operating Subject	Active Share Percentages (9		Direct and Indirect Sha Percentages (%)	
Emlak Varlık	Kiralama A.Ş.	İstanbul/Tu	ırkey	Sukuk	100)	100	
	Total Asset	Equity	Total Fixed Asset	Share	Income from Marketable Securities	Current Period Profit/Loss	Previous Period Profit/Loss	Fair Value
1 (*)	52	50	-	-	-	-	-	-

^(*) Figures in the legal financial statetements as at 31 December 2019.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued)

11. Information on subsidiaries (net) (continued)

a.2 Information on unconsolidated subsidiaries (continue)

a.2.1 Movement and sectoral information on subsidiaries

	Current Period	Prior Period
Amount at the beginning of the period		-
Movements inside the term	50	-
Purchases/new incorporations/capital increases	50	-
Bonus shares	-	-
Profit received from current year share	-	-
Sales	-	-
Revaluation increases	-	-
Impairments	-	-
Amount at the end of the period	50	-
Capital commitments	-	-
Share of the capital at the end of the period (%)	100	

12. Information on investments in joint-ventures

None (31 December 2018: None).

13. Information on tangible assets

Summer & Danie d		Leased			A anota bold	
Current Period	Immovables	tangible assets	Vehicles	Other	Assets held for sale	Tota
Cost	minovables	assets	venicies	Other	101 sale	1014
Opening balance: 1 January 2019	-	-	-	12.911	-	12.911
Additions	32.581	-	11.660	53.627	-	97.868
Revaluation differences	-	-	_	-	-	
Disposals	-	-	(23)	(146)	-	(169)
Impairment losses(-)/						
Reversal of impairment	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	
Ending balance: 31 December 2019	32.581	-	11.637	66.392	-	110.61
ccumulated depreciation(-) Opening balance: 1 January 2019 Depreciation expense	2.273	-	- 1.962	890 3.826	-	89 8.06
Reversal of depreciation of the disposed assets	-	-	(23)	(28)	-	(51
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	
Ending balance: 31 December 2019	2.273	-	1.939	4.688	-	8.900
Total cost at the end of the year	32.581	-	11.637	66.392	-	110.61
	(0.052)	-	(1.939)	(4.688)	-	(8.900
Total accumulated depreciation at the end of the year	(2.273)	-	(1.55)	(1000)		(01)00

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued)

13. Information on tangible assets (continue)

Prior Period		Leased tangible			Asse	ts held for	held for
rrior reriou	Immovables		assets	Vehicles	Other	sale	Tota
Cost							
Opening balance: 1 January 2018		-	-	-	941	-	941
Additions		-	-	-	12.168	-	12.168
Revaluation differences		-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals		-	-	-	(198)	-	(198)
Impairment losses(-)/							
Reversal of impairment		-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers		-	-	-	-	-	-
Ending balance: 31 December 2018		-	-	-	12.911	-	12.911
Accumulated depreciation(-)							
Opening balance: 1 January 2018		-	-	-	808	-	808
Depreciation expense		-	-	-	280	-	280
Reversal of depreciation of the disposed assets		-	-	-	(198)	-	(198)
Transfers		-	-	-	-	-	-
Ending balance: 31 December 2018		-	-	-	890	-	890
Total cost at the end of the year		-	-	-	12.911	-	12.911
Total accumulated depreciation at the end o	f	-			(890)		(890)
the year		-	-	-	(890)	-	(090)
Closing net book value		-	-	-	12.021	-	12.021

14. Information on intangible assets

Current Period	Intangible Assets	Tota	
Cost			
Opening balance: 1 January 2019	20.330	20.330	
Additions	78.852	78.852	
Disposals	(50.115)	(50.115)	
Ending balance: 31 December 2019	49.067	49.067	
Accumulated depreciation (-)			
Opening balance: 1 January 2019	-	-	
Depreciation expense	9.245	9.245	
Reversal of depreciation of the disposed assets	-	-	
Ending balance: 31 December 2019	9.245	9.245	
Total cost at the end of the year	49.067	49.067	
Total accumulated depreciation at the end of the year	(9.265)	(9.265)	
Closing net book value	39.802	39.802	
Prior Period	Intangible Assets	Total	
Cost			
Opening balance: 1 January 2018	8	8	
Additions	20.349	20.349	
Disposals	(8)	(8)	
Ending balance: 31 December 2018	20.349	20.349	
Accumulated depreciation(-)			
Opening balance: 1 January 2018	-	-	
Depreciation expense	19	19	
Reversal of depreciation of the disposed assets	-	-	
Ending balance: 31 December 2018	19	19	
Total cost at the end of the year Total accumulated depreciation at the end of the year	20.349	20.349	

Closing net book value

20.330

20.330

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

I. Explanations and notes related to consolidated assets (continued)

15. Information on investment property

Losses brought forward

17.

None (31 December 2018: None).

16. Information related to deferred tax asset

	Current Period	Prior Period
Deferred tax provision for transferred financial loss	90.221	100.964
Provisions for retirement premium and vacation pay liabilities	7.866	-
Subordinated loan	4.804	-
Prepaid wages and commissions and unearned income	1.612	981
Derivative transactions	1.294	-
IFRS 16 allowance	112	-
Other provisions for debts and expense	696	3.657
Deferred tax asset	106.605	105.602
Difference between carrying value and tax base of tangible assets	3.872	1.827
Other	319	237
Deferred tax liability	4.191	2.064
Deferred tax asset (Net)	102.414	103.538
The time limits for deferred tax losses are as follows:		
	Current Period	Prior Period
2023	451.105	504.819

Receivables from Public Institutions and Cooperations (*)	175.700	175.700

balance sheet total and breakdown of items which constitute at least 20% of grand total

Other	49.058	43.825
Total	224.758	219.525

Breakdown of items in other assets except commitments presented in off-balance sheet, which exceed 10% of the

451.105

Current Period

504.819

Prior Period

(*) Includes receivables from Ministry of Treasury and Finance, General Directorate of Highways and Housing Development Administration.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities

1. Information on funds collected

a. Information on maturity structure of funds collected

Current Period	Demand	Up to 1 Month	Up to 3 Months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	1 year and over	Accumulated profit sharing accounts	Total
I. Real persons current accounts-TL II. Real persons profit sharing	5.216	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.216
accounts TL	-	5.258	121.181	75.039	-	10.157	1.228	-	212.863
III. Other current accounts-TL	100.070	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.070
Public sector	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Commercial sector	99.944	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	99.944
Other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial and other institutions	125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125
Banks and participation banks Central Bank of Republic of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-			-			-	
IV Profit sharing accounts-TL	-	125.909	2.192.791	84.935	-	24.423	555	-	2.428.613
Public sector	-	52.859	12.584	15.655	-	5.007	-	-	86.105
Commercial sector	-	73.050	2.166.409	8.223	-	19.416	555	-	2.267.653
Other institutions	-	-	13.798	61.057	-	-	-	-	74.855
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banks and participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
V. Real persons current accounts-FC	13.493	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13.493
VI. Real persons profit sharing									
accounts-FC	-	484	59.221	1	-	-	-	-	59.706
VII. Other current accounts-FC	382.071	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	382.071
Commercial residents in Turkey	378.668	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	378.668
Commercial residents in Abroad	3.403	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.403
Banks and participation banks Central Bank of Republic of	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign banks Participation banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	2 556 045	25 (04	-	-	-	-	-
VIII. Profit sharing accounts-FC Public sector	-	333	2.556.945	35.694	-	82.013	31.150	-	2.706.135
Commercial sector	-	333	1.998.726	35.694	-	68.645	31.150	-	2.134.548
Other institutions	-		271.140	33.094	-	08.045	51.150	-	2.134.348
Commercial and other institutions	-	-	271.140		-	13.368	-	-	13.368
Banks and participation banks	-	-	287.079	-	-	15.508	-	-	287.079
IX. Precious metal funds	487	118	9.166	34.691	-	-	-	-	44.462
X. Profit sharing accounts special	407	110	9.100	34.091	-	-	-	-	44.402
funds - TL									
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI. Profit sharing accounts special	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
funds - FC	_	_	_		_	_	_		
Residents in Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Residents Abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (I+II++IX+X+XI)	501.337	132.102	4.939.304	230.360	-	116.593	32.933	-	5.952.629

(31 December 2018: None.)

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities (continued)

1. Information on funds collected (continued)

b. Information on participation fund under the guarantee of insurance

b.1 Exceeding the limit of insurance fund

Information on real persons' current and participation accounts not subject to trading transactions under the guarantee of insurance and exceeding the limit of Insurance Fund:

	Under the guaran	Under the guarantee of insurance		uarantee of ice
	Current period	Prior period	Current period	Prior period
Real persons' current and participation accounts not				
subject to trading transactions	35.298	-	261.987	-
Turkish Lira accounts	28.417	-	189.662	-
Foreign currency accounts	6.881	-	72.325	-
Foreign branches' deposits subject to foreign				
authorities insurance	-	-	-	-
Off-shore deposits under foreign authorities'				
insurance	-	-	-	-

Funds collected by Participation Banks (except foreign branches) from current and participation accounts denominated in Turkish Lira or foreign currency up to a limit of maximum TL 150 (including both capital and profit shares) for each real person is under the guarantee of Saving Deposit Insurance Fund in accordance with the Banking Law numbered 5411.

b.2 Funds collected which are not under the guarantee of insurance fund

Funds collected of real persons which are not under the guarantee of insurance fund

	Current Period	Prior Period
Foreign Branches' Profit Sharing Accounts and Other Accounts	-	-
Profit Sharing Accounts and Other Accounts of Controlling Shareholders and Profit Sharing		
Accounts and Other Accounts of Their Mother, Father, Spouse, and Children in Care	-	-
Profit Sharing Accounts and Other Accounts of Chairman and Members of Board Of		
Directors or Managers, General Manager and Assistant General Managers and Profit Sharing		
Accounts and Other Accounts of Their Mother, Father, Spouse, and Children in Care	1.426	-
Profit Sharing Accounts and Other Accounts in Scope of the Property Holdings Derived from		
Crime Defined in article 282 of Turkish Criminal Law no:5237 dated 26.09.2004	-	-
Profit Sharing Accounts in Participation Banks Established in Turkey in order to engage		
solely in Off-Shore Banking Activities	-	-

3. Information on borrowings

a.1 Information on types of borrowings

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Syndication Loans	-	-	-	-
Wakala Loans	-	864.292	-	-
Loans Obtained from Issued Lease Certificates (Sukuk)	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	-	864.292	-	-

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities (continued)

2. Information on types of borrowings (continued)

a.2 Information on banks and other financial institutions

	Current Period		Prior Perio	od
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Loans from CBRT	-	-	-	-
Loans from domestic banks and institutions	-	864.292	-	-
Loans from foreign banks, institutions and funds	-	-	-	-
Total		864.292		

a.3 Maturity analysis of funds borrowed

	Current	Current Period		od
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Short-Term	-	864.292	-	-
Medium and Long-Term	-	-	-	-
Total	-	864.292	-	-

b. Additional disclosures on concentration areas of Group's liabilities

The Group does not have concentration on customer or sector group providing funds (31 December 2018: None).

3. Information on derivative financial liabilities

	Current P	Current Period		iod
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Forward transactions	34	-	-	-
Swap transactions	-	5.857	-	-
Futures transactions	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total	34	5.857	-	-

4. Lease payables

_

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Less than a year	4.023	-	-	-
1 to 5 years	8.673	-	-	-
Over 5 years	17.871	-	-	-
Total	30.567	-	-	-

5. Information on derivative financial liabilities for hedging purposes

None (31 December 2018: None).

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities (continued)

6. Information on provisions

a. Information on provisions for employee rights

Provisions for employee benefits consist of reserve for employee termination benefits amounting to TL 2.282 (31 December 2018: TL 1.284), vacation pay liability amounting to TL 1.043 (31 December 2018: TL 153), performance premium provision amounting to TL 4.000 (31 December 2018: TL3.025) totaling to TL 7.325 (31 December 2018: TL 4.462).

The Group has calculated the reserve for employee termination benefits using actuarial valuation methods as indicated in TAS 19. Accordingly, following actuarial assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability.

	Current Period	Prior Period
Discount rate (%) Estimated increase rate of salary ceiling (%)	3,60 9,20	3,57

Movement of the reserve for employment termination benefits in the balance sheet is as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Prior period ending balance	1.284	1.319
Change in the period	998	(35)
Balance at the end of the period	2.282	1.284

b. Other provisions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provisions for cases on trial	2.334	16.623
Total	2.334	16.623

c. Information on provisions for foreign exchange losses on foreign currency indexed loans and financial lease receivables

None (31 December 2018: None).

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities (continued)

6. Information on provisions (continued)

d. Information on general provisions

	Current Period	Prior Period
General provisions		
I. Group Loan and Allocated for Receivables (Total)	88.918	9.777
Participation accounts share	67.083	-
Institution share	21.835	9.777
Other	-	-
I. Group Loan and Additional Reserves for Receivables with Extended		
Payment Period	-	-
Participation accounts share	-	
Institution share	-	
Other	-	
II. Group Loan and Allocated for Receivables (Total)	-	
Participation accounts share	-	
Institution share	-	
Other	-	
II. Group Loan and Additional Reserves for Receivables with Extended		
Payment Period	-	
Participation accounts share	-	
Institution share	-	
Other	-	
Allocated for Non-Cash Loans	-	
Other	-	

7. Information on taxes payable

a. Explanations on current tax liability

a.1. Explanations on tax provisions

As of 31 December 2019, the Group does not have any tax debt remaining after deducting the corporate taxes paid (31 December 2018: None).

a.2. Information on taxes payable

	Current Period	Prior Period
Taxation on securities income	2.856	-
Banking insurance transaction tax	2.540	855
Income tax deducted from wages	2.306	420
Value added tax payable	741	10
Taxation on real estate income	88	-
Foreign exchange transaction tax	8	-
Other	137	63
Total	8.676	1.348

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities (continued)

7. Information on taxes payable (continued)

a. Explanations on current tax liability (continued)

a.3 Information on premiums

	Current Period	Prior Period
Social security premiums-employer	1.026	198
Social security premiums-employee	700	138
Bank pension fund premium-employees	-	-
Bank pension fund premium-employer	-	-
Pension fund membership fees and provisions-employees	-	-
Pension fund membership fees and provisions-employer	-	-
Unemployment insurance-employer	100	20
Unemployment insurance-employee	50	10
Other	146	-
Total	2.022	366

8. Liabilities for assets held for sale and discontinued operations

None (31 December 2018: None).

9. Detailed explanations on number, maturity, profit share rate, creditor and option to convert to share certificates; if any; of subordinated loans

Information on subordinated loans

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Debt instruments to be included in calculation of additional				
Tier I Capital	_	1.076.666	-	_
Subordinated loans	-	1.076.666	-	-
Subordinated debt instruments	-	-	-	-
Debt instruments to be included in calculation of Tier II				
Capital	-	-	-	-
Subordinated loans	-	-	-	-
Subordinated debt instruments	-	-	-	-
Total	-	1.076.666	-	

The Group, as approved by BDDK on April 19, 2019, and under Article 7 of the BDDK Regulation on Bank Equities, has exercised its authority to sign a subordinated loan agreement with the Turkey Wealth Fund Corporation's Market Stability and Equalization Fund to borrow, 2019, 200 million euro profit in the April 24, 2019, without allowances covered by additional base capital has provided a subordinated loan.

10. Breakdown of items in other liabilities, which exceed 10% of the balance sheet total, and breakdown of items, which constitute at least 20% of grand total

None (31 December 2018: None).

11. Information on shareholders' equity

a. Presentation of paid-in capital

	Current Period	Prior Period
Common stock Preferred stock	750.000	750.000

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

- II. Explanations and notes related to consolidated liabilities (continued)
- 11. Information on shareholders' equity (continued)
- b. Paid-in capital amount, explanation as to whether the registered share capital system is applicable at the Parent Bank and if so, amount of the registered share capital ceiling

Share Capital System	Paid-in Capital	Ceiling
Registered Capital	750.000	750.000

c. Information on the share capital increases during the period and their sources; other information on increased capital in the current period

There is no capital increase in the current period.

d. Information on share capital increases from capital reserves during the current period

There is no share capital increase from capital reserves during the current period.

e. Capital commitments in the last fiscal year and by the end of the following interim period, general purpose of these commitments and projected resources required to meet these commitments

There are no capital commitments until the end of the last fiscal year and following interim period.

f. Estimated effects on the shareholders equity of the Parent Bank, of predictions to be made by taking into account previous period indicators regarding the Group's income, profitability and liquidity, and uncertainties regarding such indicators

The Parent Bank continues its operations in a profitable manner and majority of the profits are kept in shareholders' equity through transfer to reserves. Moreover, the Group's shareholders' equity is invested in liquid and earning assets.

g. Information on privileges given to stocks representing the capital

There is no privilege given to stocks representing the capital.

h. Information on marketable securities valuation reserve

None (31 December 2018: None).

1. Information on other capital reserves

None (31 December 2018: None).

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

III. Explanations and notes related to consolidated off-balance sheet

1. Explanations on off balance sheet

a. Type and amount of irrevocable loan commitments

	Current Period	Prior Period
	40.070	
Asset purchase and sale commitments	42.272	-
Loan granting commitments	3.970	-
Payment commitments for cheques	1.230	-
Tax and funds liabilities arising from export commitments	-	-
Commitments for promotions related with credit cards and banking activities	-	-
Other irrevocable commitments	-	-
Total	47.472	-

b. Type and amount of possible losses and commitments arising from off-balance sheet items

b.1. Non-cash loans including guarantees, bank acceptances, collaterals and others that are accepted as financial commitments and other letters of credit

	Current Period	Prior Period
	207 507	
Letters of guarantees	396.587	-
Letters of credit	30.136	-
Bank loans	-	-
Other guaranties and sureties	-	-
Total	426.723	-

b.2. Revocable, irrevocable guarantees and other similar commitments and contingencies

	Current Period	Prior Period
Temporary letters of guarantees	303.910	-
Advance letters of guarantees	83.945	-
Letters of guarantees given to customs	5.735	-
Long standing letters of guarantees	2.997	-
Other letters of guarantees	-	-
	20 < 808	
Total	396.587	-

XX7*41 * 41 X

c. Within the Non-cash Loans

c.1. Total amount of non-cash loans

	Current Period	Prior Period
Non-cash loans given against cash loans	-	-
With original maturity of 1 year or less	-	-
With original maturity of more than 1 year	-	-
Other non-cash loans	47.472	-
Total	47.472	-

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

III. Explanations and notes related to consolidated off-balance sheet (continued)

1. Explanations on off balance sheet (continued)

c. Within the Non-cash Loans (continued)

c.2. Sectoral risk concentration of non-cash loans

	Current Period			
	TL	(%)	FC	(%)
Agricultural	2.319	0,72	-	-
Farming and stockbreeding	2.319	0,72	-	-
Forestry	-	-	-	-
Fishery	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	25.721	8,01	5.598	5,30
Mining	-	-	-	-
Production	25.721	8,01	5.598	5,30
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	-	-
Construction	-	-	6.613	6,26
Services	292.285	91,04	93.460	88,44
Wholesale and retail trade	-	-	14.400	13,62
Hotel, food and beverage services	-	-	-	-
Transportation and telecommunication	-	-	-	-
Financial Institutions	272.680	84,93	19.861	18,80
Real estate and renting services	19.605	6,11	59.199	56,02
Self-employment services	-	-	-	-
Education services	-	-	-	-
Health and social services	-	-	-	-
Other	727	0,23	-	-
Total	321.052	100,00	105.671	100,00

c.3. Information on the non-cash loans classified in Group I and Group II

Current Period	I st Group		II nd Group	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Non-cash loans	321.052	105.671	-	-
Letters of guarantee	299.305	97.282	-	-
Bank loans	-	-	-	-
Letters of credit	21.747	8.389	-	-
Endorsements	-	-	-	-
Underwriting commitments	-	-	-	-
Factoring commitments	-	-	-	-
Other commitments and contingencies	-	-	-	-

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

III. Explanations and notes related to consolidated off-balance sheet (continued)

2. Explanations on derivative transactions

	Derivative transactions according to purpose	Derivative transactions according to purpose
	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
Trading Derivatives		
Foreign Currency Related Derivative Transactions (I)	803.102	-
Currency Forwards-Purchases, sales	15.622	-
Currency Swaps-Purchases, sales	787.480	-
Currency Futures	-	-
Currency Options-Purchases, sales	-	-
Profit share Rate Related Derivative Transactions (II)	-	-
Profit share rates forwards-Purchase, sales	-	-
Profit share rates swaps-Purchases, sales	-	-
Profit share rates options-Purchases, sales	-	-
Profit share rates futures-Purchases, sales	-	-
Other Trading Derivatives (III)	-	-
A. Total Trading Derivatives (I + II + III)	803.102	-
Hedging Derivatives	-	-
Fair value hedges	-	-
Cash flow hedges	-	-
Foreign currency investment hedges	-	-
B. Total Hedging Derivatives	-	-
Total Derivatives Transactions (A+B)	803.102	

3. Explanations on contingent assets and liabilities

The Group has made a provision amounting to TL 2.334 (31 December 2018: TL 16.623), as presented under "Other Provisions" note in Section Five Note II.5.b, for the lawsuits opened by various real persons and legal entities against the Group with high probability of realization and cash outflows.

4. Explanations on services rendered on behalf of third parties:

The Group has not any operations like money placements on behalf of real persons or legal entities, charitable foundations, retirement insurance funds and other institutions.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations and notes related to consolidated the statement of profit or loss

1. Information on profit share income

a. Information on profit share income received from loans

	Current Period		Current Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Profit share received from loans				
Short Term Loans	250.918	1.129	-	-
Medium and Long Term Loans	52.039	22.408	-	-
Profit Share on Non–Performing Loans	-	-	145.776	-
Total	302.957	23.537	145.776	-

b. Information on profit share income received from banks

	Current	Current Period		Period
	TL	FC	TL	FC
CBRT	2.847	-	-	-
Domestic Banks	34.222	-		66.179
Foreign Banks	-	-	-	-
Head Offices and Branches Abroad	-	-	-	-
Total	37.069	-	-	66.179

c. Information on profit share income received from marketable securities

	Current Period		Current Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss Financial assets measured at fair value through other	15.266	17.340	-	-
comprehensive income	-	-	-	-
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	-	32.206	-	-
Total	15.266	49.546	-	-

d. Information on profit share income received from associates and subsidiaries

None (31 December 2018: None).

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations and notes related to consolidated the statement of profit or loss (continued)

2. Explanations on profit share expenses

a. Distribution of profit share expense on funds collected based on maturity of funds collected

Current Period			Profi	t sharing a	accounts			
Account name	Up to 1 month	Up to 3 months	Up to 6 months	Up to 9 months	Up to 1 year	More than 1 year	Accumulated profit sharing account	Total
TL								
Funds collected from banks								
through current and profit								
sharing accounts	-	743	-	-	-	-	-	743
Real persons' non-trading								
profit sharing accounts	217	3.731	1.307	-	236	25	-	5.516
Public sector profit sharing	4.355	2.730	7	-	7	-	-	7.099
accounts								
Commercial sector profit	3.730	117.593	2.847	68	907	21	-	125.166
sharing accounts								
Other institutions profit	494	18.735	497	-	-	-	-	19.726
sharing accounts								
Total	8.796	143.532	4.658	68	1.150	46	-	158.250
FC								
Banks	-	2.137	-	-	-	-	-	2.137
Real persons' non-trading								
profit sharing accounts	2	190	-	-	-	-	-	192
Public sector profit sharing accounts	-	460	-	-	-	-	-	460
Commercial sector profit sharing accounts	644	8.576	390	-	345	151	-	10.106
Other institutions profit	36	2.433	-	-	_	-	-	2.469
sharing accounts	20	2.100						2.107
Precious metals deposits	16	94	73	-	-	-	-	183
Total	698	13.890	463	-	345	151	-	15.547
Grand Total	9.494	157.422	5.121	68	1.495	197	-	173.797

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations and notes related to consolidated the statement of profit or loss (continued)

b. Information on profit share expense paid to funds borrowed

	Current Period		Prior Period	
	TL	FC	TL	FC
Banks	-	1.590	-	-
CBRT	-	-	-	-
Domestic banks	-	1.120	-	-
Foreign banks	-	470	-	-
Head offices and branches abroad	-	-	-	-
Other institutions	-	34.657	-	-
Total	-	36.247	-	-

c. Profit share expense paid to associates and subsidiaries

None (31 December 2018: None).

d. Profit share expenses paid to marketable securities issued

None (31 December 2018: None).

3. The Other Items in Net Fees and Commission Income / Expenses, which constitute at least 20% of the total of other items, if the total of other items in income statement exceed 10% of the total of income statement

As of 31 December 2019, TL 328 (1 January - 31 December 2018: None) of the other fees and commissions amounting to TL 868 (1 January - 31 December 2018: None) are from the import credit commissions and TL 123 from the insurance and brokerage commissions (1 January - 31 December 2018: TL 2).

As of 31 December 2019, other fees and commissions amounting to TL 2.620 (1 January - 31 December 2018 – TL 3); TL 1,592 (1 January - 31 December 2018: None) consists of precious mining agency commissions, TL 600 (1 January - 31 December 2018: None) consists of fees and commissions paid for credit cards.

4. Information on dividend income

None (31 December 2018: None).

5. Explanations on trading income/loss (net)

	Current Period	Prior Period
Income	253.103	261.722
Income from capital market transactions	27.276	-
Income from derivative financial instruments	29.988	-
Foreign exchange income	195.839	261.722
Loss (-)	220.589	638
Loss on capital market transactions	261	-
Loss on derivative financial instruments	30.047	-
Foreign exchange losses	190.281	638
Frading Income/Loss (net)	32.514	261.084

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations and notes related to consolidated the statement of profit or loss (continued)

6. Explanations related to other operating income

	Current Period	Prior Period
Income from sale of assets	2.693	145
Reversal of prior year provisions	18.670	27.838
Communication revenue	23	-
Reversal of vacation pay expenses provision	-	342
Other income	2.729	1.408
Fotal	24.115	29.733

7. Loan Provisions

	Current Period	Prior Period
Specific provisions for loans	111	4.544
Loans with limited collectability	-	-
Loans with doubtful collectability	-	-
Uncollectible loans	111	4.544
General loan provision	79.141	9.777
Marketable securities impairment expense	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit/loss	-	-
Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-
Impairment losses from associates, subsidiaries, joint ventures and marketable securities held to maturity	-	1.000
Investment and Associates	-	1.000
Subsidiaries	-	-
Entities under common control	-	-
Other	-	-
Total	79.252	15.321

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations and notes related to consolidated the statement of profit or loss (continued)

8. Information on other operating expenses

	Current Period	Prior Period
Provision for retirement pay liability	847	239
Deficit provision for pension fund	-	-
Impairment expenses of tangible assets	-	-
Depreciation expenses of tangible assets	8.061	280
Impairment expenses of intangible assets	-	-
Impairment expense of goodwill	-	-
Amortization expenses of intangible assets	9.245	19
Impairment provision for investments accounted for under equity method	-	-
Impairment expenses of assets to be disposed	-	-
Depreciation expenses of assets to be disposed	-	-
Impairment expenses of assets held for sale and assets of discontinued	-	-
operations		
Other business expenses	37.664	6.367
Leasing Expenses on TFRS 16 Exceptions	16	-
Maintenance and repair expenses	1.598	-
Advertisement expenses	7.166	-
Other expenses ⁽¹⁾	28.884	6.367
Loss on sale of assets	-	-
Other ⁽²⁾	17.869	28.436
Total	73.686	35.341

⁽¹⁾ The details of the "Other Expenses" balance under Other Operating Expenses are as follows:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Lawsuit and court expenses	14.899	45
Communication Expenses	2.596	58
Expense Share for Common Expenses	1.853	11
Heating, lighting and water expenses	1.591	107
Cleaning expenses	1.516	246
Vehicle expenses	967	312
Stationery Expenses	622	66
Movables Insurance Expenses	576	53
Representation and Hosting expenses	205	19
Other	4.059	5.450
Total	28.884	6.367

⁽²⁾ Details of "other" balance are provided as below:

	Current Period	Prior Period
Taxes, Duties, Charges and Funds	12.496	-
Audit and Consultancy Fees	2.489	69
Participation banks association cost share	1.402	-
Saving Deposit Insurance Fund	90	-
Other	1.392	28.367
Total	17.869	28.436

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

IV. Explanations and notes related to consolidated the statement of profit or loss (continued)

9. Explanations on income/loss from continued operations before taxes

The portion of the Group's profit before tax amounting to TL 217.652 (31 December 2018: TL 211.955) consists of net profit share income and TL 1.365 (31 December 2018: TL (1)) consists of net fee and commission expenses, and the total of other operating expenses is 73.686. TL (31 December 2018: TL 35.341).

10. Explanations on tax provision for continued and discontinued operations

As of 31 December 2019, the Group has deferred tax expense amounting to TL 15.797 (31 December 2018: TL 105.602) and deferred tax income amounting to TL 16.921 (31 December 2018: TL 2.064). As of 31 December 2019, the Parent Bank has no current tax provision.

The Group has no discontinued operations, there is no tax provision related to it (31 December 2018: None).

11. Explanations on net income/loss from continued and discontinued operations

The Group has no discontinued operations. The net profit for the period has been recorded as TL 44.979 (31 December 2018: TL 543.696) as a result of deducting the period tax provision expense from TL 46.103 (31 December 2018: TL 440.158) to TL 1.124 (31 December 2018: TL 103.538).

12. Explanations on net income/loss

a. The nature and amount of certain income and expense items from ordinary operations; if the disclosure for nature, amount and repetition rate of such items is required for a complete understanding of the Parent Bank's performance for the period

None.

b. The effect of the change in accounting estimates to the net income/loss; including the effects on the future period

None.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

V. Explanations and notes related to the consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity

The Parent Bank has not notified amount of profit shares notified after the balance sheet date but before the announcement of the financial statements.

The dividend distribution will be decided at the General Assembly meeting and the General Assembly has not been held as of the date of the attached financial statements. In the current period, the Parent Bank has compensated TL 2.320.496 of the previous year's loss of TL 2.824.581 from other profit reserves with the decision of the General Assembly dated June 19, 2019.

1. Due to the application of the accounting for financial instruments in the current period

information on increases that have occurred

a. Information on the increases that occurred after the revaluation of financial assets at fair value difference is reflected in other comprehensive income

None (31 December 2018: None).

b. Information on increases in cash flow hedging items

None (31 December 2018: None).

c. Increase after revaluation of tangible assets

None (31 December 2018: None).

2. Due to the application of the accounting for financial instruments in the current period

information about the decreases occurring

a. Information on the decreases occurring after the revaluation of financial assets at fair value difference is reflected in other comprehensive income

None (31 December 2018: None).

b. Information on decreases in cash flow hedging items

None (31 December 2018: None).

- 3. Information about dividends
- a. Notified profit shares after the balance sheet date but before the announcement of the financial statements As of the date of this report, the Group has not made any dividend notification.
- **b.** Period net profit shares per share proposed to be distributed to shareholders after the balance sheet date None.
- 4. Information on share issuance
- a. For all capital share classes of the Parent Bank; Rights, priorities and constraints related to this item, including restrictions on dividend distribution and reimbursement of capital.

None (31 December 2018: None).

b. Explanations on other capital increase items in the statement of changes in equity

None.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VI. Explanations and notes related to consolidated the statement of cash flows

1. Components of cash and cash equivalents and accounting policy applied in their determination

"Cash" is defined as cash in vault and foreign currency cash, money in transit, cheques purchased, unrestricted balance with the Central Bank and demand deposits at banks. "Cash equivalents" is defined as money market placements and time deposits at banks with original maturities less than three months.

(a) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period

	Current Period	Prior Period
Cash	6	1
Cash in TL/foreign currency	6	1
Cash in transit	-	-
CBRT	-	-
Cash equivalents	654.081	459.652
Domestic banks	654.081	459.652
Foreign banks	-	-
Total cash and cash equivalents	654.087	459.653

(b) Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period

	Current Period	Prior Period
Cash	89.551	6
Cash in TL/foreign currency	17.505	6
Cash in transit	-	-
CBRT	72.046	-
Cash equivalents	162.057	654.081
Domestic banks	152.078	654.081
Foreign banks	9.979	-
Total cash and cash equivalents	251.608	654.087

2. Cash and cash equivalent items which are restricted for the usage of the Parent Bank by legal or other limitations

Restricted time deposits held at the Central Bank of Turkey and blockaged amount arising from POS are not considered as cash and cash equivalent items.

3. Explanation about other cash flow items and the effect of the changes in foreign exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents

Included in "Banking activity subject to assets and liabilities prior to change in operating profit" Other item amounting to TL 7.262 (31 December 2018: TL 395.222) mainly consists of general provisions expense and other operating expenses.

The "net increase / decrease in other liabilities" item in the "change in assets and liabilities subject to banking activities" amounting to TL 104.658 (31 December 2018: TL 124.502) consists of changes in lease payables, other foreign resources and taxes, duties, fees and premiums.

The effect of the change in foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents was determined to be approximately TL 7.869 (31 December 2018: TL 21.405) in the accounting period ended on 31 December 2019.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

VII. Explanations related to the risk group of the Parent Bank

1. Information on the volume of transactions relating to the Parent Bank's risk group, outstanding loans and funds collected and income and expenses related to the period

None (31 December 2018: None).

a.1. Information on current and profit sharing accounts of the Parent Bank's risk group

Risk Group of the Parent Bank	Investment in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures (business partnerships)		Direct and indirect shareholders of the Parent Bank		Other real or legal persons included in the risk group	
	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period	Current Period	Prior Period
Current and profit sharing accounts						
Balance at the beginning of period Balance at the end of period	- 47	-	-	-	-	-
Profit share expense	-	-	-	-	-	-

a.2. Information on forward and option agreements and other similar agreements with related parties

The Parent Bank does not have forward and option agreements with the risk group of the Bank.

As of 31 December 2019, the Parent Bank has paid TL 6.731 (31 December 2018: TL 1.070) to top management.

VIII. Explanations on consolidated related to domestic, foreign and offshore branches or investments and foreign representative offices

1. Information on the domestic and foreign branches and representative offices of the Parent Bank

	Number	Number of personnel			
Domestic Branches	11	381			
			Country		
Foreign					
Representation Office	-	-	-		
				Total Assets	Statutory Share
				(Thousand TL)	Capital
Foreign Branches	-	-	-	-	-
Off-Shore Branches	-	-	-	-	-

2. Information on the Parent Bank's branch or representative office openings, closings, significant changes in the organizational structure

The Parent Bank has not open branches abroad in 2019. The Parent Bank has opened 11 branches in different regions in the country.

IX. Explanations on consolidated related to subsequent events and footnotes

Internal Systems Senior Manager Yusuf Abdullah Karadağ and Risk Management Chairman Hasan Selçuk Çoban, as of February 6, 2020, they resigned from their duties.

Nevzat Bayraktar, who was appointed General Manager pursuant to a Board of Directors resolution dated 11 February 2020.

Hasan Apaydın, who was appointed General Manager Consultant pursuant to a Board of Directors resolution dated 24 February 2020.

Cengiz Sinanoğlu, who was appointed Head of Internal Systems Group pursuant to a Board of Directors resolution dated 24 February 2020.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

SECTION SIX

Other explanations

I. Other explanations on operations of the Parent Bank

None.

(Amounts expressed in Thousand of Turkish Lira (TL) unless otherwise stated)

SECTION SEVEN

Independent Auditor's Report

I. Explanations on independent auditor's report

The Group's consolidated financial statements as of and for the period ended 31 December 2019 have been audited by KPMG Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik A.Ş. (the Turkish member firm of the KPMG International Cooperative) and the audit report March 11, 2020 is presented at the beginning of the financial statements and related notes.

II. Other notes and explanations prepared by the independent auditors

None.